Bridges in Mathematics Grade 5 Unit 3

Place Value & Decimals

In this unit your child will:

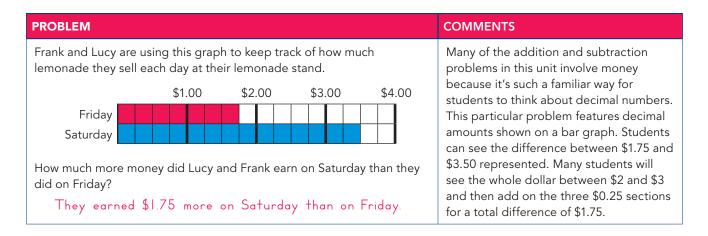
- Divide multi-digit whole numbers
- Read, write, order, model, and compare decimal numbers
- Multiply and divide whole and decimal numbers by 10



- Add and subtract decimal numbers to the hundredths place
- Identify equivalent fractions and decimals

Your child will learn and practice these skills by solving problems like those shown below. Keep this sheet for reference when you're helping with homework. Use the free Math Vocabulary Cards app for additional support: mathlearningcenter.org/apps.

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PROBLEM	COMMENTS
Write the number that each collection of base ten pieces representation of base ten pieces representation and the second of base ten pi	Students represent decimal numbers in a variety of ways in this unit. They use base ten models like those shown here to make the place value of each digit explicit. These models also make the relationships among place values clear: students can see that 1 hundredth is 100 times smaller than 1, for example, and that 10 hundredths are equal to 1 tenth.
Write the base ten numeral that is equal to this expression. $(6 \times 1) + (4 \times \frac{1}{10}) + (9 \times \frac{1}{100}) = 6.49$	The expression in this example is written in expanded form. Students will also use expanded form with decimals: (6 × 1) + (4 × 0.1) + (9 × 0.01). Writing numbers in expanded form—and rewriting them in standard form—helps students be clear about the value of each digit in the decimal number.



FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS ABOUT UNIT 3

Q: Why do so many of the problems in the homework involve rounding?

A: Rounding decimal numbers requires students to think explicitly about the place value of the digits in those numbers. It also encourages them to think about the relationships among decimal numbers and whole numbers. Rounding is also a useful skill in and of itself: it promotes a strong number sense and helps students make sensible estimates.