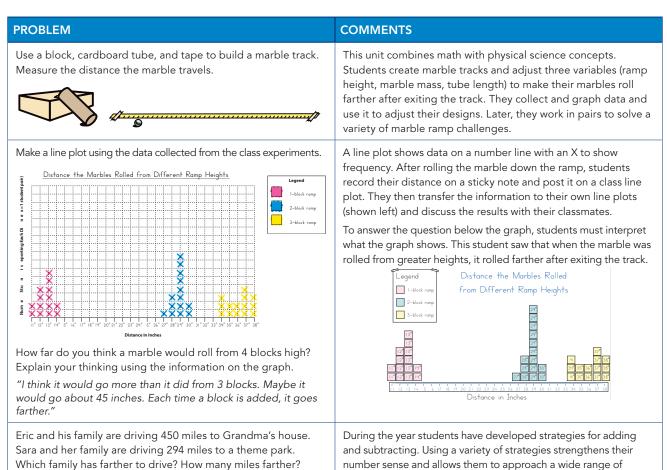
Bridges in Mathematics, Grade 2

Unit 8: Measurement, Data & Multi-Digit Computation with Marble Rolls

In this unit, your child will:

- Measure length to the nearest inch
- Collect, organize, and display data on a line plot and on a bar graph
- Analyze data to solve problems, draw conclusions, and make predictions
- Add, subtract, order, and compare 3-digit numbers

Your child will learn and practice these skills by solving problems like those shown below. Keep this sheet for reference when you're helping with homework.



"Eric's family has farther to drive. I found the difference by adding up. I added 6 to get up to 300. Then I went by

50s...see? 300, 350, 400, 450. It's 156 miles farther."

problems flexibly. In this example, the student efficiently used the

open number line model to find the difference between the two

numbers by first moving to a helpful landmark number (300) and then skip-counting by 50s to reach 450: 6 + 50 + 50 + 50 = 156. This approach shows an understanding of place value and

accurately determines the difference.

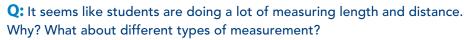
450

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS ABOUT UNIT 8

Q: Why are students doing math and science at the same time in this unit?

A: Math and science are closely related. Scientists use mathematics to make sense of data they collect through experiments. In this unit, students use mathematics to analyze and interpret data they collect about

marble tracks they have built. By integrating math and science in a purposeful way, Unit 8 helps students see that mathematics is not a collection of disconnected skills and topics, but a way of using tools to make sense of the world around them.



A: The marble roll project is, in a sense, the culmination of a year filled with linear measure. Like scientists everywhere, students run multiple trials, measuring and recording the distance the marble rolls from each ramp height three times. One of the things students practice in the process is measuring to the nearest whole inch, setting the stage for rounding and working with fractions on a number line in Grade 3. The work they have done with number lines, linear measurement, and fractions is preparing them for understanding fractions on a number line or ruler. Students will work with other types of measurement like temperature, mass (weight), and volume (capacity) in future grades.

Q: What can I do over the summer to keep my child's math skills sharp?

A: Summer is a perfect time to show your child how math is used in everyday life. Telling time, counting money, linear measurement, and mastering basic addition and subtraction facts are key skills that they developed during the second grade year. Activities that reinforce these lifelong concepts are good choices.

Travel brings many opportunities to practice math skills: Restaurant menus are great for finding the most and least expensive items or determining the total cost or difference in price of two selections. Your second grader can estimate the total cost of a meal by rounding the cost of each item ordered and adding them together. When the check comes, compare the estimate to the actual bill.

On road trips, have your child keep track of time by noting when you leave and when you arrive at different destinations. Your child can answer "How much longer?" for the family if she is figures out ahead of time roughly when you should arrive. Read the numerals on license plates as numbers (e.g., read 327 as three hundred twenty-seven). Who can find the number with the greatest value? Rearrange the numbers. What is the greatest number or least number you can make using the digits? Write down three sets of numbers. Add the numbers together. Who has the sum closest to 1,000?

The grocery store is a great place to find numbers and make comparisons. Your child can compare the costs of different brands of items and decide which is the better deal for the money. When making a purchase, you might ask your child to estimate the total or calculate how much change you should receive and count to make sure it's correct.

Play games like Yahtzee, cribbage, and Tri-Ominoes with your child. Even practicing math facts with cards, spinners, and dice is fun when a grown-up and child take turns using strategies like Making Ten, Doubles, Doubles Plus One, and so on.

Plant something together; then measure and record its growth over time. Race toy cars down ramps or make paper gliders and measure the distance they travel. Most importantly, have fun using math with your child!