

EDUCATING LEARNERS FOR THE 21ST CENTURY

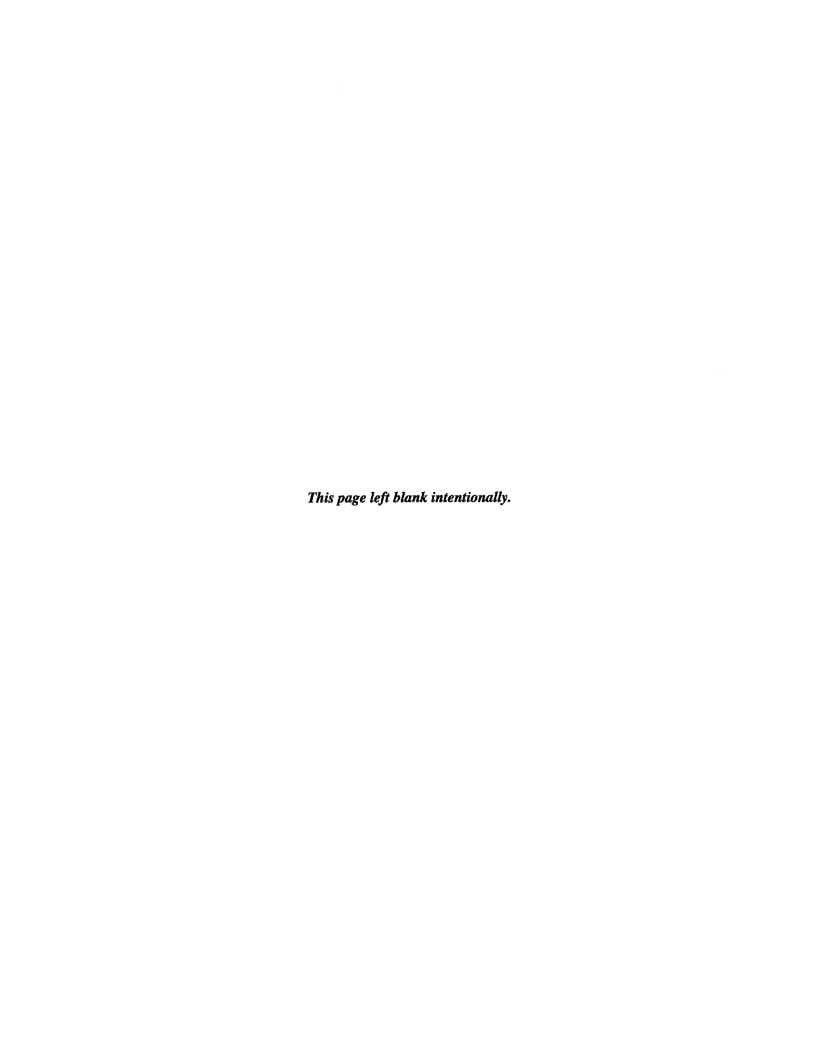
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FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Rio Elementary School District Oxnard, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rio Elementary School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2015-2016 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rio Elementary School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 13, budgetary comparison schedule on page 67, schedule of other postemployment benefits funding progress on page 68, schedule of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability on page 69, and the schedule of District contributions on page 70, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Rio Elementary School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information such as the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the other supplementary information as listed on the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying unaudited other information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

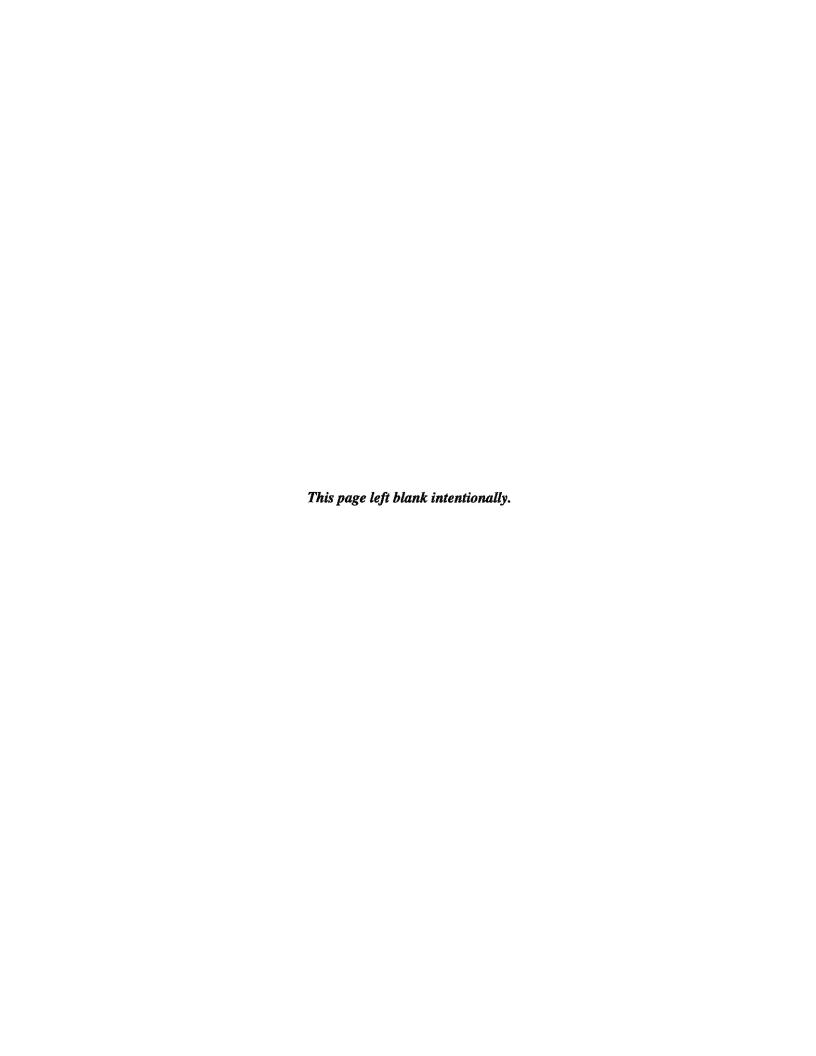
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2016, on our consideration of the Rio Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Rio Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Varninch, Trie, Day & Co., LCP

December 15, 2016





Board of Trustees Joe Esquivel, President Eleanor Torres Edith Martinez Cortes Ramon Rodriguez

Felix Eisenhauer

John D. Puglisi, Ph.D., Superintendent

This section of Rio Elementary School District's (the District) 2015-2016 annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2016, with comparative information for 2014-2015. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the District and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities separately. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets) as well as all liabilities (including long-term obligations). Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for each of the two categories of activities: governmental, and fiduciary.

The Governmental Funds are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are agency funds, which are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the Rio Elementary School District.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2016

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's operating results. Since the governing board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we separate the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade eight students and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental funds - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

THE DISTRICT AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for funds held on behalf of others, like our funds for associated student body activities and Community Facilities District (CFD) debt service. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the *Statement of Fiduciary Net Position*. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2016

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$82.0 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Of this amount, (\$32.5) million was unrestricted (deficit). Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the governing board's ability to use the net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in the net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

Table 1

	Governmenta	al Activities
	2016	2015
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets Total Assets	\$ 65,901,104 125,773,697 191,674,801	\$ 34,574,850 120,061,699 154,636,549
Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,451,069	2,238,112
Liabilities Current liabilities Long-term obligations Aggregate net pension liability Total Liabilities	4,031,214 77,120,076 33,442,054 114,593,344	4,801,848 56,059,894 24,472,788 85,334,530
Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,564,724	6,571,577
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position	106,133,462 8,382,031 (32,547,691) \$ 81,967,802	89,060,102 5,865,944 (29,957,492) \$ 64,968,554

The (\$32.5) million in unrestricted (deficit) net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. It means that if we had to pay off all of our bills today, including all of our non-capital liabilities (bonds as an example): we would have a \$(32.5) million deficit.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 15. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2

	Governmental Activities			tivities
		2016		2015
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	205,307	\$	147,594
Operating grants and contributions		11,228,270		10,605,382
Capital grants and contributions		1060		2,581
General revenues:				_,001
Federal and State aid not restricted		36,698,961		28,948,490
Property taxes		17,115,354		9,490,810
Other general revenues		17,819,383		3,045,121
Total Revenues		83,067,275	_	52,239,978
Expenses				
Instruction-related		45,010,889		35,521,598
Pupil services		7,201,574		6,181,975
Administration		4,229,524		4,064,142
Plant services		5,053,018		5,642,949
Other		4,896,398		3,464,796
Total Expenses		66,391,403		54,875,460
Special item: sale of land		323,376		-
Extraordinary item - settlement of liability		2-9-1		4,500,000
Change in Net Position	\$	16,999,248	\$	1,864,518

Governmental Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 15, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$66.4 million. However, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was only \$17.1 million (levied for general purposes and for debt service) because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs was \$0.2 million, and by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions was \$11.2 million. We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$36.7 million in unrestricted Federal and State funds, and \$17.8 million in interest and investment earnings and other revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2016

In Table 3, we have presented the cost and net cost of each of the District's largest functions - instruction-related services, pupil services, administration, plant services, and other. As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of	of Services	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Instruction-related activities	\$ 45,010,889	\$ 35,521,598	\$ 40,106,166	\$ 30,647,297	
Pupil services	7,201,574	6,181,975	3,303,019	2,255,350	
Administration	4,229,524	4,064,142	4,009,939	3,799,808	
Plant services	5,053,018	5,642,949	4,819,017	5,408,501	
Other	4,896,398	3,464,796	2,719,685	2,008,947	
Total	\$ 66,391,403	\$ 54,875,460	\$ 54,957,826	\$ 44,119,903	

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$62.1 million, which is an increase of \$31.9 million over last year.

Table 4

	Balances and Activity				
	July 1, 2015_	Revenues	Expenditures	June 30, 2016	
General Fund	\$ 6,348,099	\$ 54,815,028	\$ 53,872,108	\$ 7,291,019	
Cafeteria Fund	27,630	3,797,405	3,824,188	847	
Building Fund	17,900,741	19,512,761	7,562,067	29,851,435	
Capital Facilities Fund	528,450	7,435,155	8,579,381	(615,776)	
Capital Projects Fund for Blended	-				
Component Units	1,188,631	19,554,130	1,601,205	19,141,556	
County Schools Facilities Fund	2,716,340	4,893	750	2,720,483	
Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	1,483,276	16,079,999	13,844,609	3,718,666	
Total	\$ 30,193,167	\$ 121,199,371	\$ 89,284,308	\$ 62,108,230	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2016

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on June 22, 2016. (A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report on page 67.)

- 1. The increase in other State revenue is primarily attributable to recognizing CalSTRS on behalf payment of \$1,154,941 in actual State revenues, but was not included in the budgeted amounts. In addition, other funds are consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes. However, these funds revenues were not included in the General Fund budgets.
- 2. The District used employees, classified instructional aides, bus drivers, custodians, and clerical staff working additional hours instead of outside services. This caused variances in the classified salary areas, offset by the services and operating expenditures. The majority of the variance in reporting employee benefits is attributable to recognizing CalSTRS on-behalf payment of \$1,154,941 in actual revenues and expenditures, but not in the budgeted amounts. Capital outlay expenditures exceeded budget due to the implementation of an energy efficiency project at Rio del Mar and Rio Vista. This project was funded with restricted revenues. Expenditures in other outgo were higher than budget due to an increase in special education excess costs billed by Ventura County Office of Education. In addition, other funds are consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes. However, these funds revenues were not included in the General Fund budgets. Overall actual year-end expenditures were more than budgeted. As a note, categorical program budgets which were not fully expended are reserved and carried over to the next fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2016, the District had \$125.8 million in a broad range of capital assets (net of depreciation), including land, buildings, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions, and depreciation) of \$5.7 million, or 4.8 percent, from last year (Table 5).

Table 5

Governmental Activities

	2016	2015		
Land	\$ 11,107,629	\$ 11,107,629		
Construction in progress	3,453,151	1,154,804		
Buildings and improvements	109,045,642	107,188,433		
Equipment	2,167,275	610,833		
Total	\$ 125,773,697	\$ 120,061,699		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2016

Long-Term Obligations

At the end of this year, the District had \$77.1 million in long-term obligations outstanding versus \$56.1 million last year, an increase of 37.8 percent. The long-term obligations consisted of:

Table 6

	Governmental Activities			
	2016			2015
General obligation bonds	\$	49,910,000	\$	33,360,000
Premium on issuance		3,761,439		915,526
Certificates of participation		12,235,000		13,240,000
Premium (discount) on issuance - net		495,859		(42,222)
Lease purchase agreement		2,215,096		2,595,132
Capital lease obligations		15,832		22,533
Compensated absences		385,290		290,263
Supplemental retirement payments		50,000		85,000
Legal settlement		54,867		73,156
Supplemental early retirement - PARS		927,730		_
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)		7,068,963		5,520,506
Total	\$	77,120,076	\$	56,059,894

The District's general obligation bond rating for the last bond sale in April 2016 was "AA". The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that districts can issue to 2.5 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the District's boundaries. The District's outstanding general obligation debt of \$49.9 million is below the statutorily-imposed limit.

Other obligations include compensated absences payable, postemployment benefits (other than health benefits), and other long-term obligations. More detailed information regarding long-term obligations is reported in the financial statements.

Net Pension Liability (NPL)

At year-end, the District had an outstanding pension liability of \$33.4 million, as a result of the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The District, therefore, recorded its proportionate share of net pension liabilities for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2016

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In considering the District budget for the 2016-2017 year, the governing board and management used the following criteria:

- 1. Changes in the LCFF for 2016-2017 include a significant increase for the District in the fourth year implementation of the LCFF, and significant one-time mandated cost funding from the State.
- 2. As part of the District's Local Control Accountability Plan, the District keeps class size reduction for second grade students, continued class size reduction for first grade and kindergarten students, and a full day program for kindergarten students.

Expenditures are based on the following forecasts:

	Staffing Ratio	Enrollment
Grade kindergarten	24:1	674
Grades first through second	24:1	1,120
Grade three	30:1	552
Grades four through eight	30 :1	2,697

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Assistant Superintendent, Business Services, at Rio School District, 2500 Vineyard Avenue, Oxnard, California, 93036, or e-mail at kpifko@rioschools.org.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Deposits and investments	\$ 63,623,928
Receivables	2,191,545
Prepaid expenses	41,470
Stores inventories	44,161
Capital Assets	
Land and construction in process	14,560,780
Other capital assets	145,673,330
Less: accumulated depreciation	(34,460,413)
Total Capital Assets	125,773,697
Total Assets	<u>191,674,801</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred charge on refunding	513,097
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	10,937,972
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,451,069
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	3,792,874
Accrued interest payable	238,340
Long-Term Obligations	
Current portion of long-term obligations other than pensions	2,400,919
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations other than pensions	74,719,157
Total Long-Term Obligations	77,120,076
Aggregate net pension liability	33,442,054
Total Liabilities	114,593,344
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	6,564,724
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	106,133,462
Restricted for:	, ,
Debt service	3,480,326
Capital projects	2,720,483
Educational programs	2,181,222
Unrestricted deficit	(32,547,691)
Total Net Position	\$ 81,967,802

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Program	ı Re	Venues	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
		C	arges for		Operating	III TICC I OSICIOII
			rvices and		Frants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Sales		ntributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:					THE IDECTOR	Activities
Instruction	\$ 38,897,683	\$	10	\$	4,524,440	\$ (34,373,233)
Instruction-related activities:	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	10	Ψ	1,021,110	Ψ (34,373,233)
Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media,	1,669,789		5		284,364	(1,385,420)
and technology	988,915		¥)		454	(988,461)
School site administration	3,454,502		1		95,449	(3,359,052)
Pupil services:					20,	(5,557,652)
Home-to-school transportation	889,342		12		7,406	(881,936)
Food services	3,913,614		204,221		3,404,391	(305,002)
All other pupil services	2,398,618		16		282,537	(2,116,081)
Administration:						, ,
Data processing	713,126		323		52	(713,126)
All other administration	3,516,398		2		219,583	(3,296,813)
Plant services	4,584,978		1		234,000	(4,350,977)
Facility acquisition and construction	468,040		_			(468,040)
Ancillary services	28,609		1		27,029	(1,579)
Community services	4,632		0.25		-	(4,632)
Interest on long-term obligations	1,583,089		85		-	(1,583,089)
Other outgo	3,280,068		1,066	_	2,148,617	(1,130,385)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 66,391,403	_\$	205,307	\$	11,228,270	(54,957,826)
	General Revenue					
	Property taxe		-	_	-	9,646,357
	Property taxe	•				7,440,417
Taxes levied for other specific purposes Federal and State aid not restricted to				28,580		
specific purposes					36,698,961	
Interest and investment earnings					101,527	
	Miscellaneou					17,717,856
	Subtotal, Gener					71,633,698
	Special item - sal					323,376
	Change in Net F					16,999,248
	Net Position - Be	_	ng			64,968,554
	Net Position - En	aing				\$ 81,967,802

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

	General Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Building Funds		
ASSETS		A 200 702	ф 20.006.021		
Deposits and investments	\$ 9,153,373	\$ 380,782	\$ 30,006,031		
Receivables	1,878,046	257,829	45,796		
Due from other funds	614,741	138,479	2,710		
Prepaid expenditures	39,820	10 0 1	-		
Stores inventories	27,180	16,981			
Total Assets	\$ 11,713,160	\$ 794,071	\$ 30,054,537		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:	÷ 5.440.00#	ф 107.000	\$ 203,102		
Accounts payable	\$ 3,418,097	\$ 127,902	\$ 203,102		
Due to other funds	<u>1,004,044</u>	665,322	202.102		
Total Liabilities	4,422,141	793,224	203,102		
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	72,000	16,981			
Restricted	2,181,222	-	29,851,435		
Assigned	3,058,350	2	3.50		
Unassigned	1,979,447	(16,134)	650		
Total Fund Balances	7,291,019	847	29,851,435		
Total Liabilities and					
Fund Balances	\$ 11,713,160	\$ 794,071	\$ 30,054,537		

	Capital Facilities Fund		Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
\$	528,137 1,289 921,517 1,650	\$	19,079,248 1,027 81,338	\$	4,476,357 7,558 1,956,515	\$	63,623,928 2,191,545 3,715,300 41,470 44,161
\$	1,452,593	\$	19,161,613	\$	6,440,430	\$	69,616,404
\$	22,435 2,045,934	\$	20,057	\$	1,281	\$	3,792,874 3,715,300
_	2,068,369		20,057		1,281		7,508,174
_	(615,776) (615,776)		19,141,556		6,439,149		88,981 57,613,362 3,058,350 1,347,537 62,108,230
\$	1,452,593	\$	19,161,613	\$	6,440,430	\$	69,616,404

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2016

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds			\$ 62,108,230
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the			
Statement of Net Position are Different Because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial			
resources and, therefore, they are not reported as assets in the			
governmental funds.	\$	160,234,110	
The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	Ψ	(34,460,413)	
Net Capital Assets		(= 1,100,100)	125,773,697
The District refunded its general obligation bonds. The difference between			
the amounts that were sent to escrow agents for the payment of the old			
debt and the actual remaining debt obligations will be amortized as an			
adjustment to interest expense over the remaining life of the refunded debt.			
This balance represents unamortized deferred charges on refunding			513,097
remaining as of June 30, 2016.			515,051
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term obligations is			
recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term obligations			
is recognized when it is incurred.			(238,340)
Expenditures relating to contributions made to pension plans were			
recognized on the modified accrual basis, but are not recognized on the			
accrual basis.			3,168,199
The difference between projected and actual pension plan			
investment earnings are not recognized on the modified accrual basis,			
but are recognized on the accrual basis as an adjustment to pension expense.			(2,358,325)
The net change in proportionate share of net pension liability as of the			
measurement date is not recognized as an expenditure under the modified			
basis of accounting, but is recognized on the accrual basis over the expected			4,025,594
remaining service life of members receiving pension benefits.			4,023,394
of the total pension liability are not recognized on the modified accrual			
basis, but are recognized on the accrual basis over the expected average remaining			
service life of members receiving pension benefits.			15,731
The changes of assumptions in the measurement of the pension liability are			
not recognized as an expenditure under the modified accrual basis, but are			
recognized on the accrual basis over the expected average remaining service			
life of members receiving pension benefits.			(477,951)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and			(00.110.07.1
is not reported as a liability in the funds.			(33,442,054)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

Long-term obligations, including general obligation bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, they are not reported as liabilities in the funds. However, long-term obligations are recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

Long-term obligations at year-end consist of:

o Julia Julia Completion		
General obligation bonds	\$	(49,910,000)
Unamortized premium	Ψ	(3,761,439)
Certificates of participation		,
Unamortized premium		(12,235,000)
Unamortized discount		(572,796)
Compensated absences		76,937
Capital lease obligation		(385,290)
_		(15,832)
Supplement retirement payments		(50,000)
Legal settlement		(54,867)
Lease purchase agreement		(2,215,096)
Supplemental retirement PARS		(927,730)
Other postemployment benefits		(7,068,963)
Total Long-Term Obligations		(1,000,000)

Total Long-Term Obligations
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ (77,120,076) **\$ 81,967,802**

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Building Fund
REVENUES		•	Φ ==
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 42,856,790	\$ 0.044.005	\$
Federal sources	2,397,451	3,244,225	50
Other State sources	6,374,099	212,621	001 220
Other local sources	3,186,688	340,559	801,338
Total Revenues	54,815,028	3,797,405	801,338
EXPENDITURES	-		
Current	22 470 006	_	E9
Instruction	33,478,086	-	
Instruction-related activities:	1 560 200		2.
Supervision of instruction	1,569,280	8	_
Instructional library, media and technology	948,815	-	_
School site administration	3,026,069		
Pupil services:	701.022		_
Home-to-school transportation	791,023	3,816,425	<u> </u>
Food services	2 146 514	J,010, 12 5	-
All other pupil services	2,146,514	_	
Administration:	625,371	_	_
Data processing	3,139,529		_
All other administration	4,240,323		
Plant services	481,564		7,529,261
Facility acquisition and construction	27,472		.,
Ancillary services	4,632	_	-
Community services	,	75.0	32,806
Other outgo	2,477,810		52,000
Debt service	133,243	6,701	941
Principal	•	1,062	_
Interest and other	192,644	3,824,188	7,562,067
Total Expenditures	53,282,375		(6,760,729)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,532,653	(26,783)	(0,700,723)
Transfers in	5.5	(5)	
Other sources - proceeds from issuance of general			17 456 062
obligations bonds	*	1,000	17,456,263
Other sources - premium on issuance of general			1,255,160
obligation bonds	¥		1,233,100
Other sources - proceeds from issuance of certificates			
of participation	8		7.00
Other sources - premium on issuance of certificates			
of participation	ā.		-
Transfers out	(589,733)	*	-
Other uses - payments to refunded bonds escrow agent	9.0	2	10.811.400
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(589,733)	-	18,711,423
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	942,920	(26,783)	11,950,694
Fund Balances - Beginning	6,348,099	27,630	17,900,741 \$ 29,851,435
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 7,291,019	\$ 847	φ 47,0J1, 4 JJ

Capi Facili Fun	ties	Fund for	Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
\$		\$	23	\$	-	\$	42,856,790
•	9	7	20	*	_	Ψ	5,641,676
	2		_		16,999		6,603,719
31	1,190	19	,554,130		3,043,177		27,237,082
	1,190	_	,554,130		3,060,176		82,339,267
	_		720				33,478,086
	-		-				1,569,280
	_				-		948,815
	_				_		3,026,069
							2,020,007
	= 1		-				791,023
	25		<u> </u>		-		3,816,425
	33		3		*		2,146,514
	7.0		9.00		*0		625,371
	-		(2)		±:		3,139,529
	7,564						4,257,887
636	5,604		929,100		750		9,577,279
	= :		8.50		₩:		27,472
	5		32.		<u>2.3</u>		4,632
353	3,648		225,125		190,679		3,280,068
295	5,000		346,793		715,000		1,496,737
461	,852		100,187		1,148,630		1,904,375
1,764	,668	1	,601,205		2,055,059		70,089,562
(1,453	3,478)	17.	952,925		1,005,117		12,249,705
589	9,733		-				589,733
			_		10,923,737		28,380,000
	9		24		2,100,979		3,356,139
5,955	5,000		12		125		5,955,000
579	,232		95		_		579,232
			-		1.53		(589,733)
(6,814			125	(11,790,300)		(18,605,013)
	,252				1,234,416		19,665,358
(1,144			952,925		2,239,533		31,915,063
	,450 ,776)	\$ 19,	188,631 141,556	•	4,199,616		30,193,167
Ψ (015	,,,,,,	Ф 19,	1+1,550	\$	6,439,149	\$	62,108,230

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 31,915,063
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities.		
This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense in the period: Capital outlays Depreciation expense	\$ 9,109,239 (3,397,24 <u>1)</u>	5 511 000
Net Expense Adjustment In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vacations), supplemental early retirement incentive, and special termination benefits (cash in lieu of medical benefits) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, compensated absences earned was more than amounts used by \$95,027.		5,711,998
Supplemental early retirement incentive offered was more than amount paid by \$927,730. Special termination benefits paid was more than the amount earned by \$35,000. Proceeds received from issuance of debt is a revenue in the governmental funds, but it increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position, and does not affect the Statement of Activities. This adjustment		(987,757)
combines the net changes of the following balances: Proceeds from sale of general obligations bonds Proceeds from sale refunding general obligation bonds Proceeds from issuance of refunding certificates of participation Combined adjustment	(18,500,000) (9,880,000) (5,955,000)	(34,335,000)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the deferred amount on a refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these related items: Premium on issuance Deferred amount on refunding Combined adjustment	(3,935,371) 525,612	(3,409,759)
In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and net pension liability during the year.		(262,553)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Repayment of long-term obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities: General obligation bonds Capital lease obligation Certificates of participation Lease purchase agreement Combined adjustment Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported when incurred, regardless of when financial resources are available. This adjustment combines the net changes of the	\$ 11,830,000 6,701 6,960,000 380,036	•
following balances: Amortization of debt premium Amortization of debt discount Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Combined adjustment Interest on long-term obligations in the Statement of Activities differs from	554,125 (2,748 (12,515)
the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The accrued interest on the general obligation bonds, certificates of participation, and lease purchase decreased by \$181,825.		181,825
Contributions for postemployment benefits are recorded as an expense in the governmental funds when paid. However, the difference between the annual required contribution and the actual contribution made, if less, is recorded in the government-wide financial statements as expense. The actual amount of the contribution was less than the annual OPEB costs.		(1,548,457)
The District reached a settlement agreement during the 2005-2006 fiscal year. Under the modified basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the government-wide financial statements, however, which are presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported when incurred, regardless of when financial resources are available. The amount of settlement paid in the		() 1 · - 1 /
current was more than the amount incurred by \$18,289. Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		18,289 \$ 16,999,248

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Do	CFD ebt Service Fund	ASB Funds		Total	
ASSETS				<	•	5.015.461
Deposits and investments	\$	5,851,074	\$	66,387	\$	5,917,461
Receivables		3,829				3,829
Total Assets	\$	5,854,903	\$	66,387_	\$	5,921,290
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	168,960	\$	8,553	\$	177,513
Due to student groups		_		57,834		57,834
Due to bond holders		5,685,943		(2)		5,685,943
Total Liabilities	\$	5,854,903	\$	66,387	_\$	5,921,290

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The Rio Elementary School District (the District) was organized in September 1885 under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally-elected five-member board form of government and provides educational services to grades K - 8 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates six elementary schools and two middle schools.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Rio Elementary School District, this includes general operations, food services, and student-related activities of the District.

Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. For financial reporting purposes, the component unit has a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and thus is included in the financial statements of the District. The component unit, although a legally separate entity, is reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if it were part of the District's operations because the governing board of the component unit is essentially the same as the governing board of the District and because its purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the benefit of the District.

The Public Property Financing Corporation of California's (the Corporation) financial activity is presented in the financial statements within the Capital Facilities Fund. Certificates of participation issued by the Corporation are included as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Individually prepared financial statements are not prepared for the Rio Elementary School District Financing Corporation.

The Rio Elementary School District Community Facilities District No. 1's (CFD) capital outlay activity is presented in the financial statements as the CFD Capital Projects Fund.

Special tax bonds issued by the CFD are not included as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements as they are not obligations of the District. Monies collected for this non-obligatory debt is accounted for in the CFD Debt Service Agency Fund. See Note 9 for additional information.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories: governmental, and fiduciary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

One fund currently defined as a special revenue fund in the California State Accounting Manual (CSAM) does not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically Fund 20, Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits, is not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While this fund is authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, this fund functions effectively as an extension of the General Fund, and accordingly has been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

In addition, under the flexibility provisions of current statute that allow certain formerly restricted revenues to be used for any educational purpose, Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund, does not currently meet the definition of special revenue funds as this fund is no longer primarily composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. As the District has not taken formal action to commit the flexed revenues formerly restricted to this program to the continued operation of the original programs, the revenue within this fund would be considered to be available for general educational purposes, resulting in Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund being combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in fund balance of \$2,778,352.

Cafeteria Fund The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (Education Code Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (Education Code 38091 and 38100).

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units The Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units is used to account for capital projects financed by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the District under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

County School Facilities Fund The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to *Education Code* Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code* Section 17070 et seq.).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of restricted, committed, or assigned resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term obligations.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a District (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds.

Trust funds are used to account for the assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. The District's agency fund accounts for the CFD Debt Service and the student body activities (ASB).

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government - Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

The government-wide financial statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each governmental program, and excludes fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the statements for the governmental funds on a modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 90 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to state-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 90 days. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the entity-wide statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments held at June 30, 2016, with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor

Prepaid Expenditures

Prepaid expenditures (expenses) represent amounts paid in advance of receiving goods or services. The District has the option of reporting expenditures in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditures when incurred.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at lower of cost or market, on the weighted average basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental-type funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide financial Statement of Net Position. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, retirement credit for unused sick leave is applicable to certain school employees who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, certificates of participation, and capital leases are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums, and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Debt premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, related to prepaid insurance costs are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for the deferred charges on refunding debt and for pension related items.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for pension related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2016, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board or chief business officer/assistant superintendent of business services may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the District against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted on-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements reports \$8,382,031 of restricted net position.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental columns of the Statement of Activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California *Education Code* and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For budget purposes, on behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 11 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Ventura bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

Change in Accounting Principles

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2016.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement No. 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

The provisions in this Statement effective as of June 30, 2016, include the provisions for assets accumulated for purposes of providing pensions through defined benefit plans and the amended provisions of Statements No. 67 and No. 68. The District has implemented these provisions as of June 30, 2016. The provisions in this Statement related to defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The objective of this Statement is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and non-authoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP.

This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments.

The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2016.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. The specific criteria address (1) how the external investment pool transacts with participants; (2) requirements for portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity; and (3) calculation and requirements of a shadow price. Significant noncompliance prevents the external investment pool from measuring all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. Professional judgment is required to determine if instances of noncompliance with the criteria established by this Statement during the reporting period, individually or in the aggregate, were significant.

If an external investment pool does not meet the criteria established by this Statement, that pool should apply the provisions in paragraph 16 of Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, as amended. If an external investment pool meets the criteria in this Statement and measures all of its investments at amortized cost, the pool's participants also should measure their investments in that external investment pool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. If an external investment pool does not meet the criteria in this Statement, the pool's participants should measure their investments in that pool at fair value, as provided in paragraph 11 of Statement No. 31, as amended.

This Statement establishes additional note disclosure requirements for qualifying external investment pools that measure all of their investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes and for governments that participate in those pools. Those disclosures for both the qualifying external investment pools and their participants include information about any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals.

The District has implemented the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement No. 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Early implementation is encouraged.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Early implementation is encouraged.

In August 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures. This Statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose the following information about the agreements:

- Brief descriptive information, such as the tax being abated, the authority under which tax abatements are
 provided, eligibility criteria, the mechanism by which taxes are abated, provisions for recapturing abated
 taxes, and the types of commitments made by tax abatement recipients
- The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period
- Commitments made by a government, other than to abate taxes, as part of a tax abatement agreement

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early implementation is encouraged.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided Through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans. The objective of this Statement is to address a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions.

Prior to the issuance of this Statement, the requirements of Statement No. 68 applied to the financial statements of all state and local governmental employers whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of that Statement.

This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early implementation is encouraged.

In January 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - amendment of GASB Statement No. 14. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Early implementation is encouraged.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

This Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this Statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This Statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively. Early implementation is encouraged.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. Early implementation is encouraged.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2016, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities Fiduciary funds Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 63,623,928 5,917,461 69,541,389
Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2016, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand and in banks Cash in revolving	\$ 75,530 5,000
Investments Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 69,460,859 69,541,389

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Remaining	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
9	1 year	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	5 years	30%	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	N/A	20%	10%
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	5 years	20%	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	N/A	None	None
County Pooled Investment Funds		None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	Mone	140110

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the Ventura County Investment Pool to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations, and by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow necessary for debt service requirements.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investments in the Ventura County Investment Pool, Fidelity Institutional Money Market Fund – Government Portfolio III, and Invesco Private Portfolio – Treasury Portfolio are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's rating services.

Information about the sensitivity to fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuation and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investment by type and maturity:

		Average
	Reported	Maturity
Investment Type	Amount	in Days
Ventura County Investment Pool	\$ 44,913,257	328
Fidelity Institutional Money Market Fund		
- Governmental Portfolio III	12,559	31
Invesco Private Capital - Treasury Portfolio	24,535,043	46
Total	\$ 69,460,859	

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2016, the District's bank deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk because they were fully insured.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Ventura County Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2016:

	Fair Value					
	Measurements					
		Using				
	Reported	Level 2				
Investment Type	Amount	Inputs	Uncategorized			
Ventura County Investment Pool	\$ 44,913,257	-	\$ 44,913,257			
Money Market Mutual Funds	24,547,602	24,547,602				
Total	\$ 69,460,859	\$ 24,547,602	\$ 44,913,257			

All assets have been valued using a market approach, with quoted market prices.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2016, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

Endoral Community		General Fund		Cafeteria Funds		Building Fund		Capital Facilities Fund	
Federal Government	4	C 40 4 C0	_						
Categorical aid	\$	648,168	\$	189,735	\$	12	\$	£.	
State Government									
Categorical aid		97,761		13,456		£. 		3	
Lottery		552,256		-		52		절	
Local Sources									
Interest		24,308		691		45,796		1,289	
Other		555,553		53,947		_		2	
Total	\$	1,878,046	\$	257,829	\$	45,796	\$	1,289	
	Fund	Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units		on-Major ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Activities		F	duciary Fund	
Federal Government				- 441445		TOTIVITOS		Tund	
Categorical aid	\$	-	\$		\$	837,903	\$		
State Government			•		•	00,,500	Ψ		
Categorical aid		_		::::		111,217			
Lottery		-		_		552,256		25	
Local Sources						,_			
Interest		1,027		7,558		80,669		9	
Other		_		:=:		609,500		3,829	
Total	\$	1,027	\$	7,558	\$	2,191,545	\$	3,829	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

J	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions		Deductions_		Balance June 30, 2016	
\$	11,107,629	\$		\$	2	\$	11,107,629
	1,154,804	8	,439,602	6,14	1,255_		3,453,151
	12,262,433	8	,439,602	6,14	1,255_		14,560,780
	3,238,397	1,820,007		36			5,058,404
	131,114,663	2,975,590 -		-		134,090,253	
	4,509,378	2,015,295			54		6,524,673
	138,862,438	6,810,892					145,673,330
	2,437,018		198,107		-		2,635,125
	24,727,609	2,740,281			57%		27,467,890
	3,898,545	458,853			157	_	4,357,398
	31,063,172	3,397,241			-		34,460,413
\$	120,061,699	\$1	,853,253	\$6,14	1,255	\$	125,773,697
		\$ 11,107,629 1,154,804 12,262,433 3,238,397 131,114,663 4,509,378 138,862,438 2,437,018 24,727,609 3,898,545 31,063,172	\$ 11,107,629 \$ 1,154,804 8 12,262,433 8 131,114,663 2 4,509,378 2 4,727,609 2 3,898,545 31,063,172 3	July 1, 2015 Additions \$ 11,107,629 \$ 4,39,602 12,262,433 8,439,602 3,238,397 1,820,007 131,114,663 2,975,590 4,509,378 2,015,295 138,862,438 6,810,892 2,437,018 198,107 24,727,609 2,740,281 3,898,545 458,853 31,063,172 3,397,241	July 1, 2015 Additions Deductions \$ 11,107,629 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	July 1, 2015 Additions Deductions \$ 11,107,629 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	July 1, 2015 Additions Deductions July 1 \$ 11,107,629 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 2,649,900
School site administration	203,838
Home-to-school transportation	67,947
All other pupil services	67,947
Data processing	33,905
All other general administration	169,866
Plant services	203,838
Total Depreciation Expenses Governmental Activities	\$ 3,397,241
Tom Solver and	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2016, between major and non-major governmental funds are as follows:

	Due From								
			Capital	Total					
	General	Cafeteria	Facilities	Governmental					
Due To	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	Fund	Funds					
General Fund	\$	\$ 525,322	\$ 89,419	\$ 614,741					
Cafeteria Fund	138,479	-	(30)	138,479					
Building Fund	2,710	¥.	_	2,710					
Capital Facilities Fund	781,517	140,000	10m2	921,517					
Capital Project Fund for Blended									
Component Units	30	-	81,338	81,338					
Non-Major Governmental Funds	81,338		1,875,177	1,956,515					
Total	\$ 1,004,044	\$ 665,322	\$ 2,045,934	\$ 3,715,300					

A balance of \$781,517 is due to the Capital Facilities Fund from the General Fund for the required debt service payments related to the District's certificates of participation.

The balance of \$343,500 is due to the General Fund fro the Cafeteria Fund for temporary operating loans.

The balance of \$181,322 is due to the General Fund from the Cafeteria Fund for benefits, indirect costs, and other operating expenditures.

A balance of \$140,000 is due to the Capital Facilities Fund from the Cafeteria Fund for a temporary operating loan.

A balance of \$1,875,177 is due to the County School Facilities Non-Major Governmental Fund from the Capital Facilities Fund for payment of District's matching funds for capital outlay projects.

The remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the date that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

The General Fund transferred \$589,733, to the Capital Facilities Fund for the required debt service payment related to the District's outstanding certificates of participation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

							(Capital	
	(General		Cafeteria		Building	Facilities		
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	
Materials and supplies	\$	331,927	\$	113,277	\$	47,950	\$	97	
Services		562,650		-		534		20,246	
LCFF apportionment		990,177		9		-		20	
Salaries and benefits		148,661		14,573				-	
Construction		_		12		154,618		351	
Due to SELPA		1,379,870		_				13.5	
Other vendors		4,812		52		_		1,838	
Total	\$	3,418,097	\$	127,902	\$	203,102	\$	22,435_	
	Cap	ital Project	N	on-Major		Total			
	-	for Blended	Go	vernmental	Governmental		Fiduciary		
	Comp	ponent Units		Funds	Funds		Activities		
Materials and supplies	\$		\$	-	\$	493,154	\$	3,829	
Services		-		-		583,430		-	
LCFF apportionment				57		990,177		100	
Salaries and benefits		_		2		163,234		-	
Construction		20,057		1,281		176,307			
Due to SELPA		_				1,379,870		_	
Other vendors		2		- 2		6,702		173,684	
·									

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance	A 1.17.1	5	Balance	Due in	
2007 Garant Olding	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2016	One Year	
2007 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	# 12.240.000					
Premium on issuance	\$ 13,360,000	\$	\$ 11,830,000	\$ 1,530,000	\$ 745,000	
	487,780	-	431,919	55,861	#3	
2014 General Obligation Bonds, Series A	20,000,000	ma.	£=	20,000,000	550,000	
Premium on issuance	427,746	2	14,338	413,408	223,000	
2014 General Obligation Bonds, Series B	765	18,500,000		·		
Premium on issuance		1,255,160	13,946	18,500,000	*	
2016 General Obligation		1,233,100	13,940	1,241,214	51	
Refunding Bonds	-	9,880,000	_	9,880,000	150,000	
Premium on issuance	:4	2,100,979	50,023	2,050,956	130,000	
2007 Certificates of Participation	6,860,000	-,200,275	6,860,000	2,030,930		
Premium on issuance	37,463	725	37,463			
2015 Certificates of Participation	6,380,000	_	100,000	6,280,000	135,000	
Discount on issuance	(79,685)	0.00	(2,748)	(76,937)	155,000	
2016 Certificates of Participation	EE	5,955,000	(2,1.10)	5,955,000	345,000	
Premium on issuance	-	579,232	6,436	572,796	545,000	
Lease purchase agreement	2,595,132		380,036	2,215,096	265,009	
Capital leases	22,533	3-3	6,701	15,832	7,075	
Compensated absences	290,263	95,027	-	385,290	7,075	
Supplemental retirement		·		550,250	_	
payments	85,000	2,000	37,000	50,000		
Supplemental retirement PARS	14	927,730	,	·		
Legal settlement	73,156		10.000	927,730	185,546	
Other postemployment	73,130	14	18,289	54,867	18,289	
benefits	5 520 504	1.050.201	401.004			
Total	5,520,506 \$ 56,059,894	1,950,381 \$ 41,245,509	\$ 20,195,227	7,068,963	07/	
1 VIII	Ψ J0,0J9,074	Ψ 41,243,309	\$ 20,185,327	\$ 77,120,076	\$ 2,400,919	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

Payments on the General Obligation Bonds are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. Payments on Certificates of Participation are made by the Capital Facilities Fund. Payments on the District's lease purchase agreement are made by both the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units. Capital lease obligation payments are made by the Cafeteria Fund. The General Fund also makes payments for supplemental early retirement and legal settlement. The compensated absences were paid by the fund for which the employee worked. Other postemployment benefits are generally paid by the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

				Bonds			Bonds
Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding			Outstanding
Date	Date	Rate	Issue	July 1, 2015	Issued	Redeemed	June 30, 2016
5/2/2007	8/1/2029	3.57-5.00%	\$ 16,396,187	\$ 13,360,000	\$ -	\$ 11,830,000	\$ 1,530,000
6/4/2015	8/1/2044	2.00-5.00%	20,000,000	20,000,000	25	8	20,000,000
	8/1/2045	3.00-5.00%	18,500,000	-	18,500,000	*	18,500,000
4/26/2016	- ,	2.00-5.00%	9,880,000	9	9,880,000	á	9,880,000
4/26/2016	8/1/2029	2.00-3.00%	9,860,000	\$ 33,360,000		\$ 11,830,000	\$ 49,910,000
				- 20,000,000			

2007 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On May 2, 2007, the District issued the 2007 General Obligation Refunding Bonds (the Refunding Bonds) in the amount of \$16,396,187, to refund the portions of the 1997 General Obligation Bonds, Series A, B, and C. The Refunding Bonds were issued as both current interest (\$15,690,000) and capital appreciation bonds (\$706,187), with the value of the capital appreciation bonds accreting \$263,813, and an aggregate principal debt service balance of \$970,000. At June 30, 2016, Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$1,530,000 were outstanding. The unamortized premium was \$55,861 at June 30, 2016.

2014 General Obligation Bonds, Series A

On June 4, 2015, the Rio Elementary School District issued the 2014 General Obligation Bonds, Series A, in the amount of \$20,000,000. The Series A represents the first series of the reauthorized bonds not to exceed \$38,500,000 to be issued under the measure as approved by the voters. The Series A bonds were issued as current interest bonds with an aggregate principal debt service balance of \$20,000,000. The bonds were issued at an aggregate price of \$19,977,661 (representing the principal amount of \$20,000,000 plus an original issue premium of \$430,136 less cost of issuance of \$452,475). The bonds have a final maturity to occur on August 1, 2044 with interest rates ranging from 2.00 to 5.00 percent. Proceeds from the sale of bonds will be used to finance the renovation, acquisition, and construction of District buildings and facilities. At June 30, 2016, the principal outstanding was \$20,000,000 and unamortized premium received on issuance was \$413,408.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

2014 General Obligation Bonds, Series B

On April 26, 2016, the Rio Elementary School District issued the 2014 General Obligation Bonds, Series B, in the amount of \$18,500,000. The Series B represents the second series of the reauthorized bonds not to exceed \$38,500,000 to be issued under the measure as approved by the voters. The Series B bonds were issued as current interest bonds with an aggregate principal debt service balance of \$18,500,000. The bonds were issued at an aggregate price of \$19,398,978 (representing the principal amount of \$18,500,000 plus an original issue premium of \$1,255,160 less cost of issuance of \$356,182). The bonds have a final maturity to occur on August 1, 2045 and interest rates of 3.00 to 5.00 percent. Proceeds from the sale of bonds will be used to finance the renovation, acquisition, and construction of District buildings and facilities. At June 30, 2016, the principal outstanding was \$18,500,000. Unamortized premium received on issuance was \$1,241,214.

2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On April 26, 2016, the Rio Elementary School District issued the 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$9,880,000. The refunding bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds were issued at an aggregate price of \$11,790,301 (representing the principal amount of \$9,880,000 and premium of \$2,100,979, less cost of issuance of \$190,678). The bonds have a final maturity which occurs on August 1, 2029 with interest rates of 2.00 to 5.00 percent. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to provide partial advance refunding of the District's 2007 General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$11,115,000. The refunding resulted in a cumulative cash flow saving of \$1,567,434 over the life of the new debt and an economic gain of \$1,292,038 based on the difference between the present value of the existing debt service requirements and the new debt service requirements discounted at 2.76 percent. As of June 30, 2016, the principal balance outstanding was \$9,880,000, and unamortized premium on issuance deferred amount on refunding were \$2,050,956 and \$269,330, respectively.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The bonds mature through 2046 as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 1,445,000	\$ 2,282,534	\$ 3,727,534
2018	1,380,000	2,627,900	4,007,900
2019	695,000	1,986,975	2,681,975
2020	730,000	1,951,350	2,681,350
2021	770,000	1,913,850	2,683,850
2022-2026	5,270,000	9,501,750	14,771,750
2027-2031	6,475,000	9,237,750	15,712,750
2032-2036	6,310,000	9,685,575	15,995,575
2037-2041	10,620,000	10,436,294	21,056,294
2042-2046	16,215,000	8,853,300	25,068,300
Total	\$ 49,910,000	\$ 58,477,278	\$ 108,387,278

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

2007 Certificates of Participation

On March 14, 2007, the District, under the California School Boards Association Financing Corporation, issued \$8,335,000 in Certificates of Participation. The Certificates mature September 1, 2032, and bear interest rates from 3.5 to 5.5 percent. A portion of the proceeds, \$1,305,000, was used to prepay the District's Capital Appreciation Certificates of Participation. The remainder was used to finance costs associated with the completion of the construction of Rio Rosales Elementary School and other District facilities, to fund the Debt Service Reserve Fund, and to pay the costs related to the issuance of the Certificates of participation. During the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the District defeased the \$6,860,000 remaining balance using proceeds from the 2016 Refunding Certificates of Participation.

2015 Certificates of Participation

On June 4, 2015, the Rio Elementary School District, under the Public Property Financing Corporation of California, issued 2015 Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$6,380,000. The certificates were issued as current interest certificates. The certificates were issued at an aggregate price of \$6,002,312 (representing principal amount of \$6,380,000 and discount of \$82,433, less cost of issuance of \$295,255). The certificates have a final maturity which occurs on March 1, 2045 with interest rates of 2.0 to 4.0 percent. Proceeds from the sale of certificates were used to pay an outstanding obligation related to prior school construction project. At June 30, 2016, the principal outstanding was \$6,280,000 and unamortized discount on issuance was \$76,937.

The certificates mature through March 1, 2045, as follows:

Year Ending	Principal		Interest		Total
June 30,	\$ 135,000	\$	225,331	-\$	360,331
2017	,		•	Ψ	361,281
2018	140,000		221,281		•
2019	145,000)	218,481		363,481
2020	145,000)	215,581		360,581
2021	150,000)	212,681		362,681
2021-2026	810,000)	993,356		1,803,356
	940,000		860,331		1,800,331
2027-2031	·		•		1,805,675
2032-2036	1,130,000)	675,675		• •
2037-2041	1,375,000)	431,000		1,806,000
2042-2045	1,310,000)	133,400		1,443,400
	\$ 6,280,000		4,187,117	\$	10,467,117
Total	\$ 0,280,000	_ =	1,107,117	_	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

2016 Refunding Certificates of Participation

On May 18, 2016, the Rio Elementary School District issued the 2016 Refunding Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$5,955,000. The refunding certificates were issued as current interest certificates. The certificates were issued at an aggregate price of \$6,224,168 (representing the principal amount of \$5,955,000 and premium of \$579,232, less cost of issuance of \$310,064). The certificates have a final maturity which occurs on March 1, 2032 with interest rates of 3.75 to 5.5 percent. Proceeds from the sale of the certificates were used to provide advance refunding of the District's 2007 Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$6,860,000. The refunding resulted in a cumulative cash flow saving of \$1,170,851 over the life of the new debt and an economic gain of \$387,296 based on the difference between the present value of the existing debt service requirements and the new debt service requirements discounted at 2.38 percent. As of June 30, 2016, the principal balance outstanding was \$5,955,000, and unamortized premium on issuance deferred amount on refunding were \$572,796 and \$243,767, respectively.

The certificates mature through March 1, 2032, as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 345,000	\$ 166,656	\$ 511,656
2018	310,000		515,100
2019	300,000	•	498,900
2020	325,000	·	511,900
2021	330,000	•	510,400
2022-2026	1,870,000	•	2,561,800
2027-2031	2,070,000	,	2,381,200
2032	405,000	,	421,200
Total	\$ 5,955,000		\$ 7,912,156

Lease Purchase Agreement

The District has entered into a lease agreement for the purchase of its District Office. The lease is divided into two parts. The tax-exempt part is for the portion of the building that the District occupies. The initial balance on this lease was \$3,975,193 and it bears interest at 4.35 percent. The other is for the portion of the building that the District leases out. The initial balance on this lease was \$2,025,000, and it bears interest at 6.64 percent. Both parts of the lease are scheduled to be paid in full by October 1, 2020. The remaining balance at June 30, 2016, is \$2,215,096.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

The lease payments are as follows:

			Iı	nterest to			
Fiscal Year	F	rincipal	N	Maturity	Total		
2017	\$	400,031	\$	104,289	\$	504,320	
2018		420,026		83,252		503,278	
2019		440,020		61,173		501,193	
2020		465,012		37,889		502,901	
2021		490,007		12,941		502,948	
	<u>-</u>	2,215,096	\$	299,544	\$	2,514,640	
Total	<u> </u>	2,210,050			_		

Capital Leases

The District has entered into an agreement to lease a dump truck. Such an agreement is, in substance, a purchase (capital lease) and is reported as a capital lease obligation. The District's liability on the lease agreement with an option to purchase is summarized below:

Balance, July 1, 2015	\$	24,584
Payments		(7,763)
Balance, June 30, 2016	<u>\$</u>	16,821

The capital leases have minimum lease payments as follows:

Year Ending	Lease
June 30,	Payment
2017	\$ 7,763
2018	7,763
2019	1,295
Total	16,821
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(989)_
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 15,832

Accumulated Unpaid Employee Vacation

The long-term portion of accumulated unpaid employee vacation for the District at June 30, 2016, amounted to \$385,290.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Supplemental Retirement Payments

For all employees hired prior to July 1, 1992, the District will provide family medical, dental, and vision from retirement until age 65 if the employee has completed a minimum of 15 years with the District. The District will also provide the employee with supplemental retirement payments for every year of service with the District upon retirement. Employees have the option of receiving a lump-sum payment or payments in installments. As of June 30, 2016, there were a total of two employees eligible to receive the supplemental retirement payments. The current outstanding liability to the District is \$50,000.

Supplemental Early Retirement Incentive

During the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the District offered a supplemental early retirement program payable to eligible District Employees with payments beginning in the 2016-2017 fiscal year. A total of 16 certificated and classified employees accepted the District's offer. The District will make five annual contributions to Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) accounts participants. The District's obligation to the PARS Early Retirement Incentive is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Total
2017	\$ 185,546
2018	185,546
2019	185,546
2020	185,546
2021	185,546
Total	\$ 927,730

Legal Settlement

During the 2005-2006 fiscal year, the District reached a settlement agreement with the former superintendent. The original agreement stipulated that the District will make five annual payments to the former superintendent and two annual payments for attorney fees. The total liability to the District was \$1,484,540, including accrued interest. Since the original agreement, the District renegotiated the terms of the settlement numerous times to allow financial flexibility. During the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the District has renegotiated the terms of the settlement in accordance to the following schedule:

Fiscal Year	Total	
2017	\$ 18	,289
2018	18	,289
2019	18	,289
Total		,867

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Obligation

The District's annual required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2016, was \$2,048,812 and contributions made by the District during the year were \$401,924. Interest on the net OPEB obligation and adjustments to the annual required contribution were \$220,820 and \$(319,251), respectively, which resulted in an increase to the net OPEB obligation of \$1,548,457. As of June 30, 2016, the net OPEB obligation was \$7,068,963. See Note 12 for additional information regarding the OPEB obligation and the postemployment benefits plan.

NOTE 9 - COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT BONDS (NON-OBLIGATORY DEBT)

These bonds are authorized to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 as amended, and are payable from special taxes levied on property within the Community Facilities Districts according to a methodology approved by the voters within the Community Facilities District. Neither the faith and credit nor taxing power of the Rio Elementary School District is pledged to the payment of the bonds. Reserves have been established from the bond proceeds to meet delinquencies should they occur. If delinquencies occur beyond the amounts held in those reserves, the Rio Elementary School District has no duty to pay the delinquency out of any available funds of the District. The Rio Elementary School District acts solely as an agent for those paying taxes levied and the bondholders. The Rio Elementary School District Community Facilities District No. 1 Special Tax Bonds, Series 2013, Series, 2014, and Series 2016 have remaining balances as of June 30, 2016, of \$65,730,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

N	General Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Building Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable		_					
Revolving cash	\$ 5,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,000
Stores inventories	27,180	16,981	55	9.2	*0	-	44,16 1
Prepaid expenditures	39,820	- 63	18				39,820
Total Nonspendable	72,000	16,981			43	-	88,981
Restricted							
Legally restricted	2,181,222			5			2,181,222
Capital Projects			29,851,435	-	19,141,556	2,720,483	51,713,474
Debt services	-	_	-	+5	23,212,000	3,718,666	3,718,666
Total Restricted	2,181,222		29,851,435	*	19,141,556	6,439,149	57,613,362
Assigned							
Postemployment benefits	2,764,556	-	-	-	-	_	2,764,556
Student Tech Replacement	280,000	-		8	==		280,000
Deferred maintenance	13,794		33				13,794
Total Assigned	3,058,350	I E			E1	7	3,058,350
Unassigned							
Reserve for economic							
uncertainties	1,581,515	E:	- 5	23	27		1,581,515
Remaining unassigned	397,932	(16,134)	_	(615,776)	-	-	
Total Unassigned	1,979,447	(16,134)		(615,776)			(233,978)
Total	\$ 7,291,019	\$ 847	\$ 29,851,435	\$ (615,776)	\$ 19,141,556	¢ 6.420.140	1,347,537
1 Veni	7,251,019	Ψ 047	Ψ 29,031,433	Ψ (013,770)	Ψ 19,141,330	\$ 6,439,149	\$ 62,108,230

NOTE 11 – EXPENDITURES (BUDGET VERSUS ACTUALS)

At June 30, 2016, the following District major fund exceeded the budgeted amount in total as follows:

	Expenditures and Other Uses					
	Budget Actual Ex-					
General Fund	\$ 52,796,252	\$ 53,282,375	\$ 486,123			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) OBLIGATION

Plan Description

The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit health care plan administered by the Rio Elementary School District. The District provides postemployment health care benefits, in accordance with District employment contracts, to all employees who retire from the District on or after attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of service for certificated and management employees hired prior to July 1, 1997, and classified employees hired prior to July 1, 1998. Twenty years of service are required for all other employees. The District contributes from 50 percent to 100 percent of the amount of premiums incurred by retirees and their dependents depending on employment classification, hire date, and years of service at retirement. Membership of the Plan consists of 29 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits; 1 terminated Plan member entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits and 346 active Plan members.

Contribution Information

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and the Teachers Association (RTA), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2015-2016, the District contributed \$401,924 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums (approximately 86.0 percent of total premiums). Plan members receiving benefits contributed \$65,372 or approximately 14.0 percent of total premiums.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 2,048,812
Interest on net OPEB obligation	220,820
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(319,251)
Annual OPEB cost	1,950,381
Contributions made	(401,924)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	1,548,457
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	5,520,506
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 7,068,963

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Trend Information

Trend information for annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	An	Annual OPEB Cost		Actual ontribution	Percentage Contributed		Net OPEB Obligation
2014	\$	1,778,052	\$	576,417	32%	<u> </u>	4,302,068
2015		1,756,627		538,189	31%	•	5,520,506
2016		1,950,381		401,924	21%		7,068,963

Funded Status and Funding Progress

A schedule of funding progress as of the most recent actuarial valuation is as follow:

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				
		Liability	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	(AAL) -	AAL	Funded		Percentage of
Valuation	Value of	Unprojected	(UAAL)	Ratio	Covered	Covered Payroll
Date	Assets (a)	Unit Credit (b)	(b - a)	(a / b)	Payroll (c)	([b - a] / c)
July 1, 2015	\$ -	\$ 25,666,725	\$ 25,666,725	0%	\$ 30,370,483	85%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation, the unprojected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a five percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), based on the plan being funded in an irrevocable employee benefit trust invested in a combined equity and fixed income portfolio. Healthcare cost trend rates ranged from an initial five percent to an ultimate rate of eight percent. The cost trend rate used for the Dental and Vision programs was four percent. The UAAL is being amortized at a level dollar method. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2016, was 20 years. The actuarial value of assets was not determined in this actuarial valuation as there were none.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Description

The Rio Elementary School District's risk management activities are recorded in the General Fund. Employee health programs are administered by the General Fund through payments made to Self-Insured Schools of California (SISC), a public entity risk pool. The District also participates in the Ventura County Schools Self-Funding Authority public entity risk pool for the workers' compensation, property, and liability programs. Refer to Note 16 for additional information regarding the public entity risk pools.

For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District has contracted with the SISC to provide employee health benefits. SISC is a shared risk pool comprised of numerous members in California. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating entities. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has a right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool.

NOTE 14 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the District reported net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	Collective Net Pension Liability	Defe	Collective erred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows Pensio		Collective Pension Expense	
CalSTRS	\$ 25,663,257 7,778,797	\$	7,958,855 2,979,117	\$	4,542,836 2,021,888	\$	2,600,009 830,744
CalSTRS Total	\$ 33,442,054	\$	10,937,972	\$	6,564,724	\$	3,430,753

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2014, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publically available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program			
	On or before	On or after		
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service		
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life		
Retirement age	60	62		
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%		
Required employee contribution rate	9.20%	8.56%		
Required employer contribution rate	10.73%	10.73%		
Required State contribution rate	7.12589%	7.12589%		

Contributions

Required member District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1 percent of applicable member earnings phased over a seven year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2016, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$2,302,249.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total Net Pension Liability, Including State Share:	
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 25,663,257
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	 13,573,034
Total	\$ 39,236,291

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively was 0.0381 percent, and 0.0323 percent, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0058 percent.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,600,009. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$1,154,941 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	2,302,249	\$	¥:		
Net change in proportionate share of net pension liability		3,634,582				
Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		2,022,024		4,113,997		
Difference between expected and actual experiences in		,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
the measurement of the total pension liability Total	\$	7,958,855		428,839 4,542,836		

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Van Estat	Deferred
Year Ended	Outflows (Inflows)
June 30,	of Resources
2017	\$ (865,827)
2018	(865,826)
2019	(865,827)
2020	505,507
Total	\$ (2,091,973)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability and differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the 2014-2015 measurement period is 7 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
Year Ended	Outflows (Inflows)
	of Resources
June 30, 2017	\$ 534,290
2018	534,291
2019	534,290
2020	534,291
2021	534,290
Thereafter	534,291
Total	\$ 3,205,743

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2014
Measurement date	June 30, 2015
Experience study	July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.60%
Investment rate of return	7.60%
Consumer price inflation	3.00%
Wage growth	3.75%
2 2	

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant. Based on the model for CalSTRS consulting actuary's investment practice, a best estimate range was determined by assuming the portfolio is re-balanced annually and that the annual returns are log-normally distributed and independent from year to year to develop expected percentiles for the long-term distribution of annualized returns. The assumed asset allocation is based on Teachers' Retirement Board of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (board) policy for target asset allocation in effect on February 2, 2012, the date the current experience study was approved by the board. Best estimates of 10-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	47%	4.50%
Private equity	12%	6.20%
Real estate	15%	4.35%
Inflation sensitive	5%	3.20%
Fixed income	20%	0.20%
Cash/liquidity	1%	0.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pension		
Discount rate	 Liability		
1% decrease (6.60%)	\$ 38,749,521		
Current discount rate (7.60%)	25,663,257		
1% increase (8.60%)	14,787,516		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2014 annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation, 2014. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publically available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provide service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)		
	On or before	On or after	
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years of Service	5 Years of Service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	
Retirement age	55	62	
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rate	7.000%	6.000%	
Required employer contribution rate	11.847%	11.847%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2016, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$865,950.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2016, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$7,778,797. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively was 0.0528 percent and 0.0493 percent, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0035 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$830,744. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	O	utflows of]	Inflows of
	Resources		Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	865,950	\$	123
Net change in proportionate share of net pension liability		391,012		35
Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,277,585		1,543,937
Difference between expected and actual experiences in the measurement of the total pension liability		444,570		
Changes of assumptions				477,95 <u>1</u>
Total	\$	2,979,117	\$	2,021,888

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
Year Ended	Outflows (Inflows)
June 30,	of Resources
2017	\$ (195,250)
2018	(195,250)
2019	(195,250)
2020	319,398
Total	\$ (266,352)

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability, changes of assumptions, and differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the 2014-2015 measurement period is 3.9 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Long-Term	
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	
Global equity	51%	5.25%	
Global fixed income	19%	0.99%	
Private equity	10%	6.83%	
Real estate	10%	4.50%	
Inflation sensitive	6%	0.45%	
Infrastructure and Forestland	2%	4.50%	
Liquidity	2%	-0.55%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2014
Measurement date	June 30, 2015
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2011
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7. 65%
Investment rate of return	7. 65%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.00% Varies by entry age and service

Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS experience study adopted by the CalPERS Board. For purposes of the post-retirement mortality rates, those revised rates include five years of projected ongoing mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first ten years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	51%	5.25%
Global fixed income	19%	0.99%
Private equity	10%	6.83%
Real estate	10%	4.50%
Inflation sensitive	6%	0.45%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2%	4.50%
Liquidity	2%	-0.55%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pension		
Discount rate		Liability_	
1% decrease (6.65%)	\$	12,660,640	
Current discount rate (7.65%)		7,778,797	
1% increase (8.65%)		3,719,218	

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Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security as its alternative plan.

District and employee contributions are determined by statute.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$1,154,941 (7.12589 percent of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual *Budget Act* for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS.). Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves, and have not been included in the budget amounts reported in the *General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule*.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

Litigation

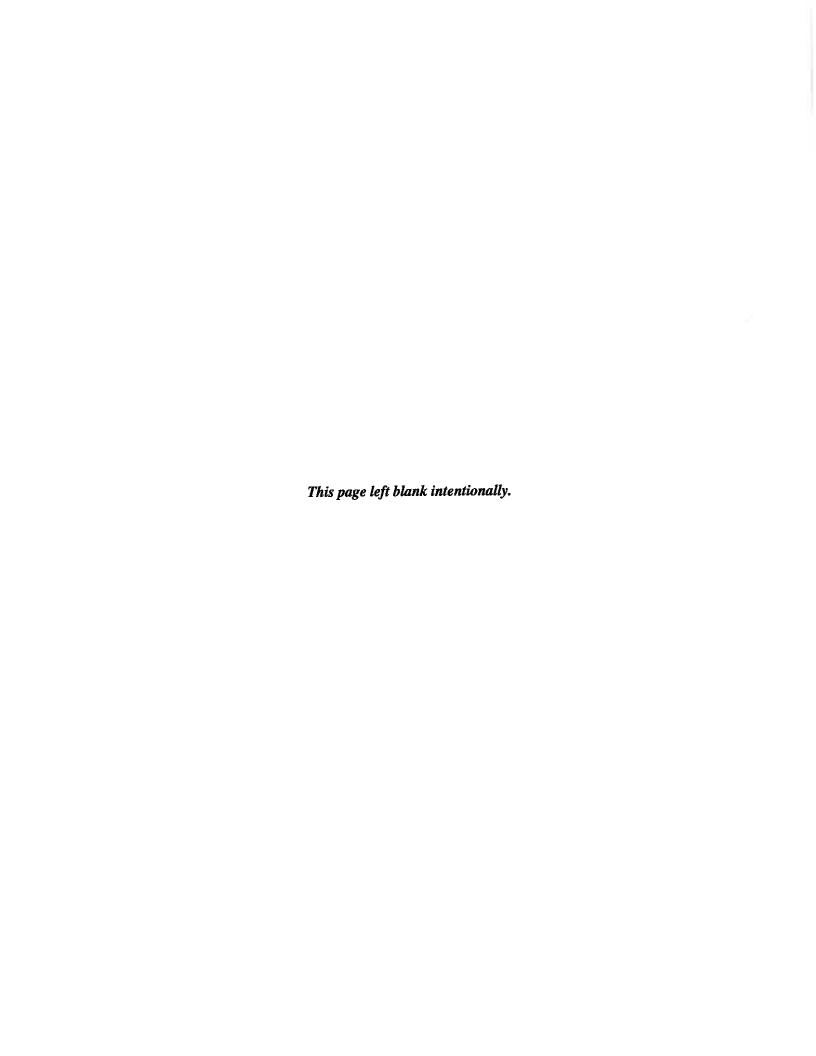
The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

NOTE 16 - PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS AND JOINT POWER AUTHORITIES

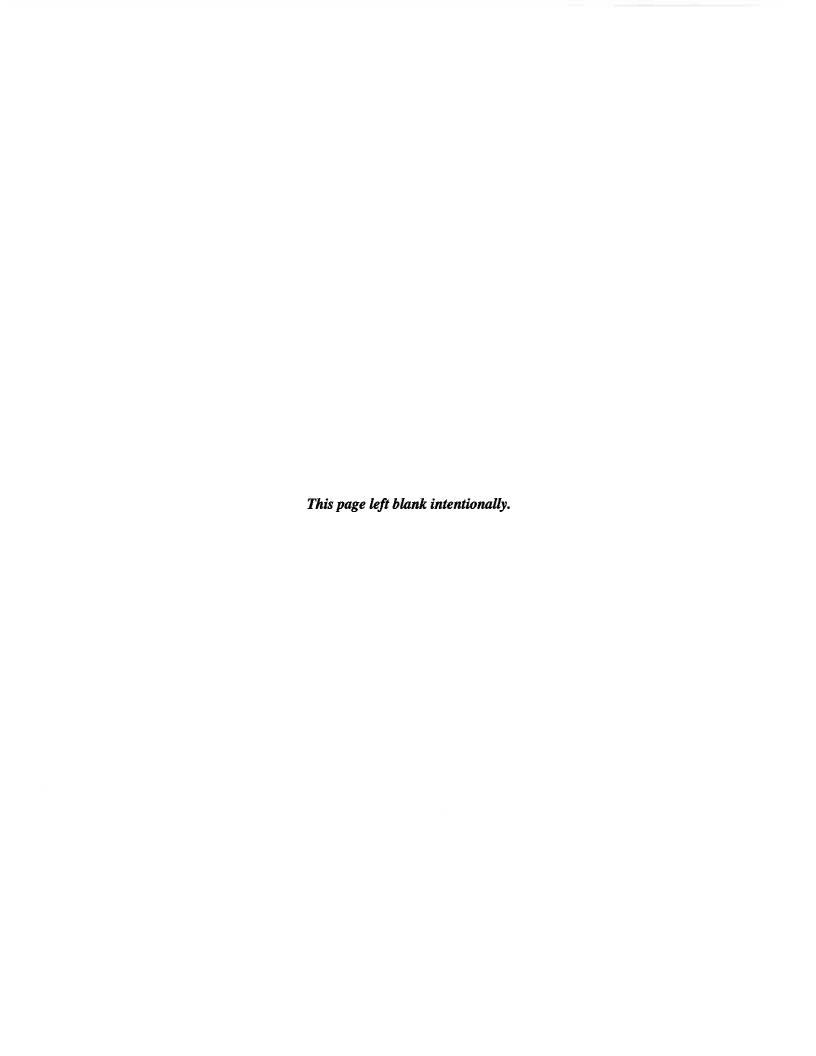
The District is a member of the Ventura County Schools Self-Funding Authority (VCSSFA) and the Self-Insured Schools of California (SISC) public entity risk pools and the Ventura County Fast Action School Transit Authority (VCFAST) a joint powers authority (JPA). The District pays an annual premium to VCSSFA and SISC for its workers' compensation and property liability coverage, and health benefits, respectively. Payments for courier services are paid to the VCFAST. The relationships between the District, the pools, and the JPA are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District made payments of \$229,945, \$6,343,093, and \$4,312 to VCSSFA, SISC, and VCFAST, respectively, for services received.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				Variances - Positive (Negative)
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Actual
REVENUES				
Local Control Funding Formula	\$41,451,459	\$42,781,650	\$42,856,790	\$ 75,140
Federal sources	2,227,941	2,332,473	2,397,451	64,978
Other State sources	4,697,671	5,091,196	6,374,099	1,282,903
Other local sources	2,897,458	3,440,892	3,186,688	(254,204)
Total Revenues 1	51,274,529	53,646,211	54,815,028	1,168,817
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Certificated salaries	21,489,635	22,588,349	22,584,682	3,667
Classified salaries	5,636,852	6,226,244	6,634,224	(407,980)
Employee benefits	11,452,892	11,146,200	12,099,244	(953,044)
Books and supplies	2,537,338	2,615,505	2,214,091	401,414
Services and operating expenditures	6,913,455	7,448,060	6,407,530	1,040,530
Capital outlay	105,640	85,640	538,907	(453,267)
Other outgo	1,416,000	2,235,305	2,477,810	(242,505)
Debt service - principal	108,012	108,012	133,243	(25,231)
Debt service - interest	442,937	342,937	192,644	150,293
Total Expenditures ¹	50,102,761	52,796,252	53,282,375	(486,123)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	1,171,768	849,959	1,532,653	682,694
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(589,733)	(589,733)	(589,733)	3 0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	582,035	260,226	942,920	682,694
Fund Balance - Beginning	6,348,099	6,348,099	6,348,099	1981
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 6,930,134	\$ 6,608,325	\$ 7,291,019	\$ 682,694

On behalf payments of \$1,154,941 are included in the actual revenues and expenditures, but have not been included in the budgeted amounts. In addition, due to the consolidation of Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund, and Fund 20, Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these other funds are included in the Actual (GAAP Basis) revenues and expenditures, however are not included in the original and final General Fund budgets.

SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) FUNDING PROGRESS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Actuarial Accrued	TT 6 1.1			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actu	arial	Liability (AAL) -	Unfunded AAL	Funded		Percentage of
Valuation		ie of	Unprojected	(UAAL)	Ratio	Covered	Covered Payroll
Date		ts (a)	Unit Credit (b)	(b - a)	(a / b)	Payroll (c)	([b - a] / c)
July 1, 2011	\$	3	16,637,914	16,637,914	0%	\$ 19,796,975	84%
July 1, 2013		*	22,741,315	22,741,315	0%	22,221,274	102%
July 1, 2015		=	25,666,725	25,666,725	0%	22,221,274	116%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CalSTRS	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0381%	0.0323%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 25,663,257	\$ 18,873,130
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	13,573,034	11,396,411
Total	\$ 39,236,291	\$ 30,269,541
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 17,692,838	\$ 16,207,657
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	145.05%	116.45%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74%	77%
CalPERS		
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0528%	0.0493%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,778,797	\$ 5,599,658
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 5,666,366	\$ 5,185,512
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	137.28%	107.99%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79%	83%

Note: In the future, as data become available, ten years of information will be presented.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	2016		2015
CalSTRS				
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,302,249	\$	1,571,124
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(2,302,249)	_	(1,571,124)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	7/5
District's covered - employee payroll	_\$_	21,466,618	\$	17,692,838
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		10.72%		8.88%
CalPERS				
Contractually required contribution	\$	865,950	\$	666,988
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	(865,950)	_	(666,988)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	
District's covered - employee payroll	\$	7,310,632	\$	5,666,366
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	_	11.845%	_	11.771%

Note: In the future, as data become available, ten years of information will be presented.

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule presents information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Funding Progress

This schedule is intended to show trends about the funding progress of the District's actuarially determined liability for postemployment benefits other than pensions.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of District Contributions

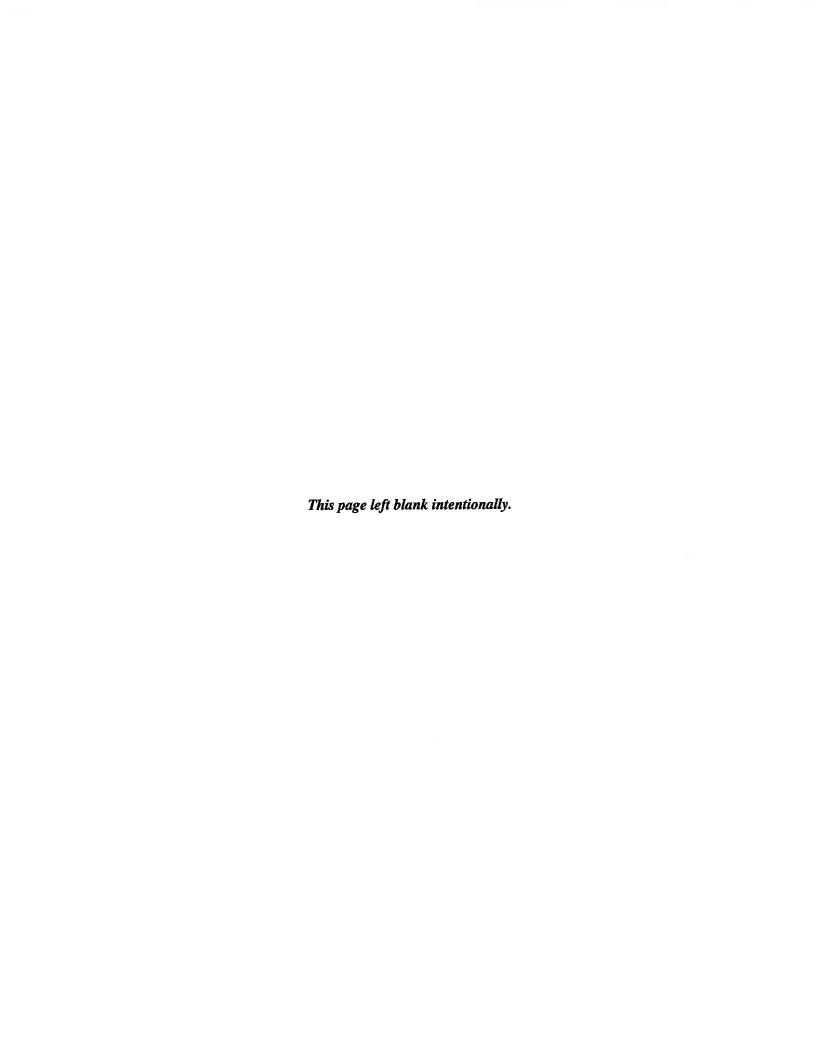
This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Changes in Benefit Terms

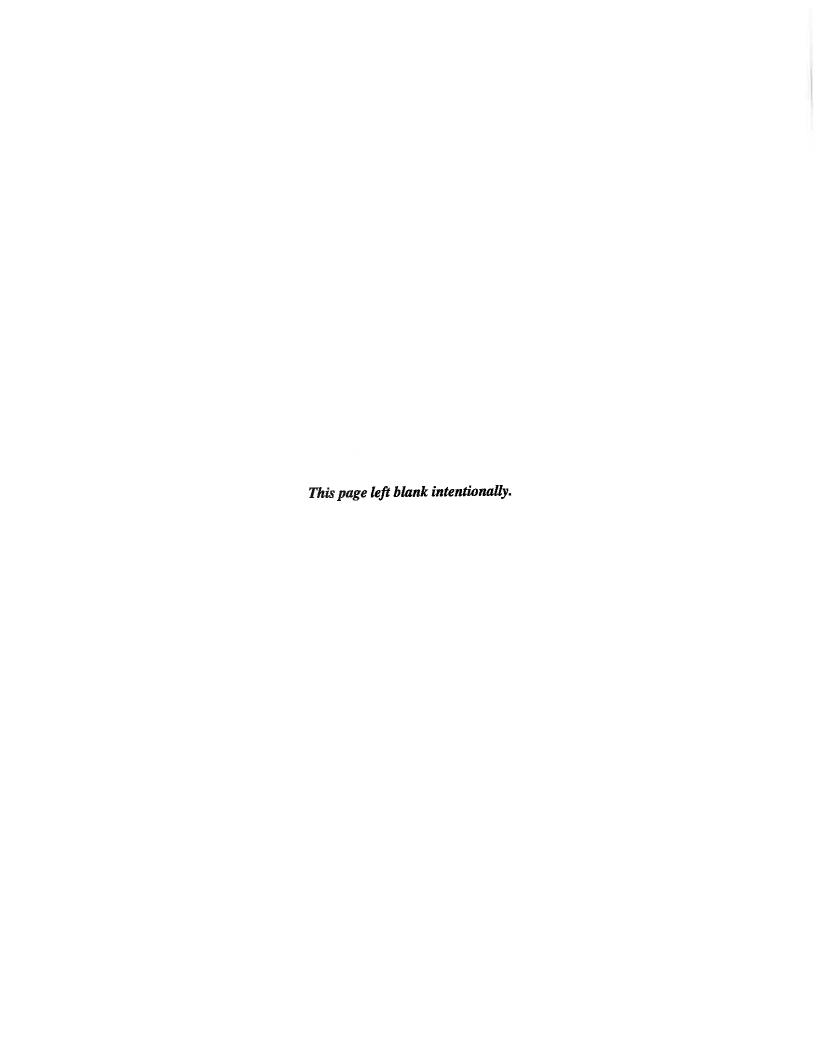
There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation for either CalSTRS or CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

The CalSTRS plan rate of investment return assumption was not changed from the previous valuation. The CalPERS plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.65 percent since the previous valuation.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Pass-Through Entity	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	CFDA	Identifying	Program
Grantor/Program	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed through California Department of Education			
Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA)			
Title I, Part A - Low Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 798,673
Migrant Education Program			+ .>5,0,0
Title I, Part C - Migrant Education Regular	84.011	14326	117,543
Title I, Part C - Migrant Education Summer	84.011	10005	49,814
Title I, Part C - Even Start Migrant Education	84.011	14768	25,000
Subtotal Migrant Education Program			192,357
Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	129,479
Title III, Part A - Limited English Proficient Student Program	84.365	14346	252,904
Passed through Ventura County Office of Education SELPA			,
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act			
Special Education (IDEA) Cluster:			
Local Assistance Entitlement	84.027	13379	825,720
Preschool Grant, Part B	84.173	13430	19,892
Preschool Local Entitlement	84.027A	13682	42,563
Subtotal Special Education (IDEA) Cluster			888,175
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,261,588
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed through California Department of Health Services			
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93,778	10013	120 927
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities	93.778	10013	139,837
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	73.110	10000	35,738
			175,575
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed through California Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13396	1,781,553
Especially Needy Breakfast Program	10.553	13526	696,246
Commodities	10.555	13396	205,033
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	13004	89,416
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			2,772,248
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	13393	471,977
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			3,244,225
Total Federal Programs			\$ 5,681,388

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE

JUNE 30, 2016

ORGANIZATION

The Rio Elementary School District was established in 1885 and consists of an area comprising approximately 40 square miles. The District operates six elementary schools and two middle schools. There were no boundary changes during the year.

GOVERNING BOARD

<u>MEMBER</u>	<u>OFFICE</u>	TERM EXPIRES
Eleanor Torres	President	2018
Joe Esquivel	Clerk	2016
Cassandra Bautista	Member	2016
Edith Martinez-Cortez	Member	2018
Ramon Rodriquez	Member	2018

ADMINISTRATION

Dr. John Puglisi Superintendent

Oscar Hernandez Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

Kristen Pifko Assistant Superintendent, Business Services

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Revised Second Period Annual Report 2C438AC1 Report A93B3393 Regular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third 2,239.69 2,245.8 Fourth through sixth 1,566.86 1,573.83 Seventh and eighth 1,039.28 1,038.94 Total Regular ADA 1,039.28 1,038.94 1,038.94 1,038.94 1,038.94 1,039.28 1,038.94 1,038.95 Extended Year Special Education Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth 8.48 8.48 1.48 1.48 1.48 1.48 1.48 1.48
Report 2C438AC1 Report A93B3393 Regular ADA Transitional kindergarten through third 2,239.69 2,245.8 Fourth through sixth 1,566.86 1,573.83 Seventh and eighth 1,039.28 1,038.94 Total Regular ADA 4,845.83 4,858.55 Extended Year Special Education Transitional kindergarten through third 9.07 9.07 Fourth through sixth 8.48 8.48
Regular ADA ZC438AC1 A93B3393 Transitional kindergarten through third 2,239.69 2,245.8 Fourth through sixth 1,566.86 1,573.83 Seventh and eighth 1,039.28 1,038.94 Total Regular ADA 4,845.83 4,858.55 Extended Year Special Education 9.07 9.07 Transitional kindergarten through third 9.07 9.07 Fourth through sixth 8.48 8.48
Regular ADA 2,239.69 2,245.8 Fourth through sixth 1,566.86 1,573.83 Seventh and eighth 1,039.28 1,038.94 Total Regular ADA 4,845.83 4,858.55 Extended Year Special Education 9.07 9.07 Transitional kindergarten through third 9.07 9.07 Fourth through sixth 8.48 8.48
Transitional kindergarten through third 2,239.69 2,245.8 Fourth through sixth 1,566.86 1,573.83 Seventh and eighth 1,039.28 1,038.94 Total Regular ADA 4,845.83 4,858.55 Extended Year Special Education 9.07 9.07 Transitional kindergarten through third 9.07 9.07 Fourth through sixth 8.48 8.48
Fourth through sixth 1,566.86 1,573.83 Seventh and eighth 1,039.28 1,038.94 Total Regular ADA 4,845.83 4,858.55 Extended Year Special Education 9.07 9.07 Transitional kindergarten through third 9.07 9.07 Fourth through sixth 8.48 8.48
Seventh and eighth1,039.281,038.94Total Regular ADA4,845.834,858.55Extended Year Special EducationTransitional kindergarten through third9.079.07Fourth through sixth8.488.48
Total Regular ADA 4,845.83 4,858.55 Extended Year Special Education Transitional kindergarten through third 9.07 9.07 Fourth through sixth 8.48 8.48
Extended Year Special Education Transitional kindergarten through third Fourth through sixth 9.07 9.07 8.48 8.48
Transitional kindergarten through third9.079.07Fourth through sixth8.488.48
Fourth through sixth 8.48 8.48
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools
Fourth through sixth 2.58 2.55
Seventh and eighth 1.32 1.32
Total Special Education, Nonpublic,
Nonsectarian Schools 3.90 3.87
Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools
Fourth through sixth 0.11 0.11
Seventh and eighth 0.11 0.11
Total Extended Year Special Education,
Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools 0.22 0.22
Total ADA 4,867.50 4,880.19

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	1986-87	2015-16	Number	of Days	
	Minutes	Actual	Traditional	Multitrack	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	Calendar	Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	46,800	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	50,400				
Grade 1		52,992	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 2		52,992	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 3		52,992	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 4 - 6	54,000				
Grade 4		55,674	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 5		55,674	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 6		61,530	180	N/A	Complied
Grades 7 - 8	54,000				
Grade 7		61,530	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 8		61,530	180	N/A	Complied

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Summarized below are the fund balance reconciliations between the Unaudited Actual Financial Report and the audited financial statements.

	Capi	tal Facilities Fund
FUND BALANCE		
Balance, June 30, 2016, Unaudited Actuals	\$	676,802
Decrease in:		·
Cash with Fiscal Agent		(1,292,578)
Balance, June 30, 2016, Audited Financial Statement	\$	(615,776)
	Fund	oital Project for Blended ponent Units
FUND BALANCE		
Balance, June 30, 2016, Unaudited Actuals	\$	585,424
Increase in:		
Investments		18,556,132
Balance, June 30, 2016, Audited Financial Statement	\$	19,141,556

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	(Budget) 2017 ¹	2016	2015	2014
GENERAL FUND 4		2010		
Revenues	\$ 54,633,078	\$ 54,792,678	\$ 44,920,191	\$ 39,051,786
Other sources and transfers in	94,090		1,054,374	1,052,901
Total Revenues and				
Other Sources	54,727,168	54,792,678	45,974,565	40,104,687
Expenditures	53,914,738	53,282,375	44,460,817	40,512,233
Other uses and transfers out	511,656	589,733	595,412	587,357
Total Expenditures and				
Other Uses	54,426,394	53,872,108	45,056,229	41,099,590
INCREASE (DECREASE)				
IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 300,774	\$ 920,570	\$ 918,336	\$ (994,903)
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 4,813,441	\$ 4,512,667	\$ 3,592,097	\$ 2,673,761
AVAILABLE RESERVES ²	\$ 2,337,538	\$ 1,979,447	\$ 2,003,126	\$ 1,783,569
AVAILABLE RESERVES AS A				
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL OUTGO 3	4.29%	3.75%	4.53%	4.43%
LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS		\$ 77,120,076	\$56,059,894	\$ 40,476,637
ATTENDANCE AT P-2	4,866	4,868	4,780	4,658

The General Fund balance has increased by \$1,838,906 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2016-2017 budget projects a further increase of \$300,774 (6.7 percent). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3 percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2016-2017 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$36,643,439 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 210 over the past two years. A decline of 2 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2016-2017.

¹ Budget 2017 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the General Fund.

³ On behalf payments of \$1,154,941, \$827,901, and \$790,148, has been excluded from the calculation of available reserves for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, respectively.

⁴ General Fund amounts do not include activity related to the consolidation of the Deferred Maintenance Fund, and the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits, as required by GASB Statement No. 54.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2016

	ınty School Facilities Fund		ond Interest Redemption Fund	Total Ion-Major vernmental Funds
ASSETS				
Deposits and investments	\$ 763,386	\$	3,712,971	\$ 4,476,357
Receivables	1,863		5,695	7,558
Due from other funds	1,956,515		*	1,956,515
Total Assets	\$ 2,721,764	\$	3,718,666	\$ 6,440,430
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,281	\$	-	\$ 1,281
Fund Balances:				
Restricted	2,720,483		3,718,666	6,439,149
Total Liabilities and		b.		
Fund Balances	\$ 2,721,764	\$	3,718,666	\$ 6,440,430

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Se Fac	County School Bond Interest Facilities and Redemption Fund Fund		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
REVENUES Other State sources	<u> </u>	_	\$	16,999	\$	16,999
Other local sources	Ψ	4,893	Ψ	3,038,284	Ψ	3,043,177
Total Revenues		4,893	_	3,055,283	_	3,060,176
EXPENDITURES				,_,	_	
Current						
Facility acquisition and construction		750				750
Other outgo		9		190,679		190,679
Debt service						
Principal		=		715,000		715,000
Interest and other		+		1,148,630		1,148,630
Total Expenditures		750		2,054,309		2,055,059
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		4,143_	_	1,000,974		1,005,117
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Other sources - proceeds from issuance				10 022 727		10,923,737
of general obligation bonds		-		10,923,737		10,923,737
Other sources - premium on issuance of general obligation bonds				2,100,979		2,100,979
Other uses - payment to refunded bond						(14 =00 =00)
escrow agent			_	(11,790,300)		(11,790,300)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)			_	1,234,416		1,234,416
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		4,143		2,235,390		2,239,533
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	2,716,340		1,483,276	_	4,199,616
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 2	2,720,483		3,718,666	\$	6,439,149

GENERAL FUND SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION THREE-YEAR SUMMARY OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES OF FUND BALANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(Amounts in thousands)		A	ctual Results for the Years				
	2015	-2016	2014-2015		2013-2014		
		Percent of		Percent of		Percent of	
	Amount	Revenue	Amount	Revenue	Amount	Revenue	
REVENUES							
Federal revenue	\$ 2,362	4.3	\$ 2,580	5.7	\$ 2,128	5.5	
State and local revenue included in							
Local Control Funding Formula	42,857	78.2	35,698	79.5	29,969	76.7	
Other State revenue	6,410	11.7	3,347	7.5	3,883	9.9	
Other local revenue	3,164	5.8	3,295	7.3	3,072	7.9	
Total Revenues	54,793	100.0	44,920	100.0	39,052	100.0	
EXPENDITURES							
Salaries and benefits							
Certificated salaries	22,585	41.2	18,895	42.1	16,846	43.1	
Classified salaries	6,634	12.1	5,365	11.9	4,508	11.5	
Employee benefits	12,099	22.1	10,257	22.8	9,506	24.3	
Total Salaries and Benefits	41,318	75.4	34,517	76.8	30,860	78.9	
Books and supplies	2,214	4.0	2,678	6.0	2,393	6.1	
Contracts and operating expenses	6,408	11.7	5,534	12.3	5,258	13.5	
Capital outlay	539	1.0	66	0.1	147	0.4	
Other outgo	2,479	4.5	1,479	3.3	1,639	4.2	
Debt service	326	0.6	185	0.4	216	0.6	
Total Expenditures	53,284	97.2	44,459	98.9	40,513	103.7	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,509	2.8	461	1.1	(1,461)	(3.7)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			·····				
Incoming transfers	-	-	1,054	2.3	1,053	2.7	
Outgoing transfers	(590)	(1.1)	(595)	(1.3)	(589)	(1.5)	
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(590)	(1.1)	459	1.0	464	1.2	
INCREASE (DECREASE)							
IN FUND BALANCE	919	1.7	920	2.1	(997)	(2.5)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	3,594		2,674		3,671		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 4,513		\$ 3,594		\$ 2,674		
ENDING FUND BALANCE			-				
TO TOTAL REVENUES		8.2		8.0		6.8	

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate as covered in Section 200.414 Indirect (F&A) costs of the Uniform Guidance.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts consist primarily of Medi-Cal Billing Option Funds that in the previous period were recorded as revenues but were unspent. These unspent balances have been expended in the current period.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues From the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances:		\$ 5,641,676
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	39,712
Total Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 5,681,388

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2016

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District neither met nor exceeded its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report With Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

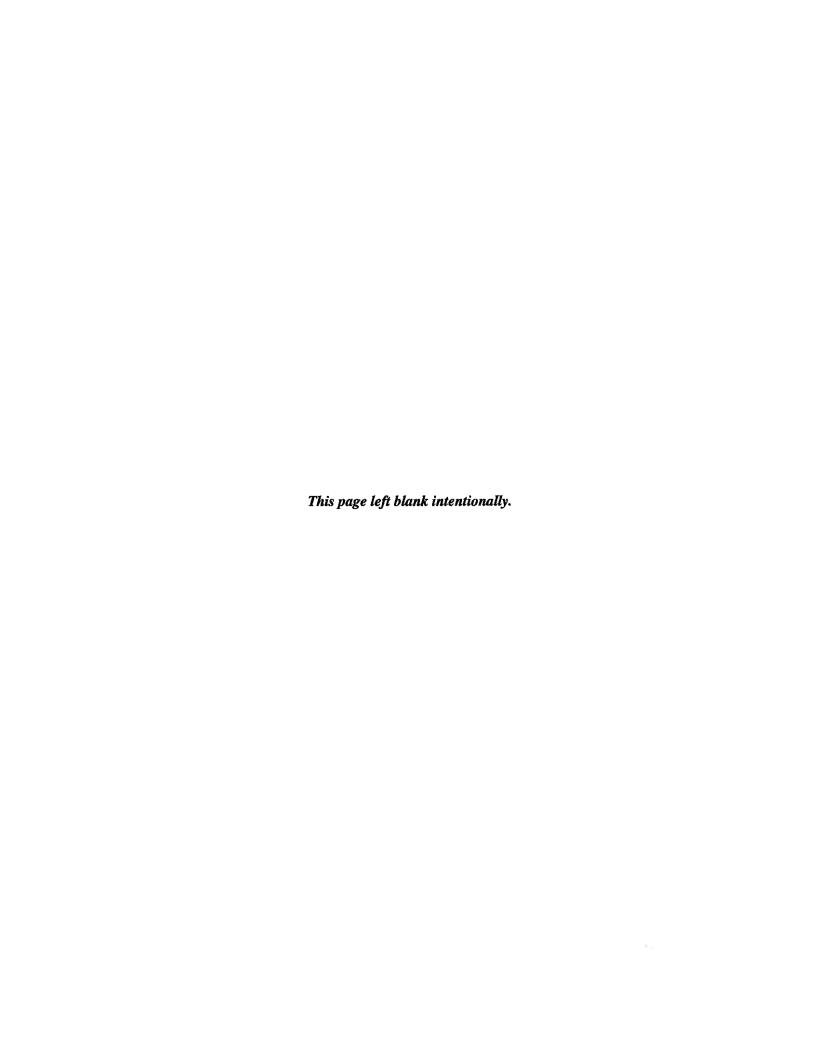
This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

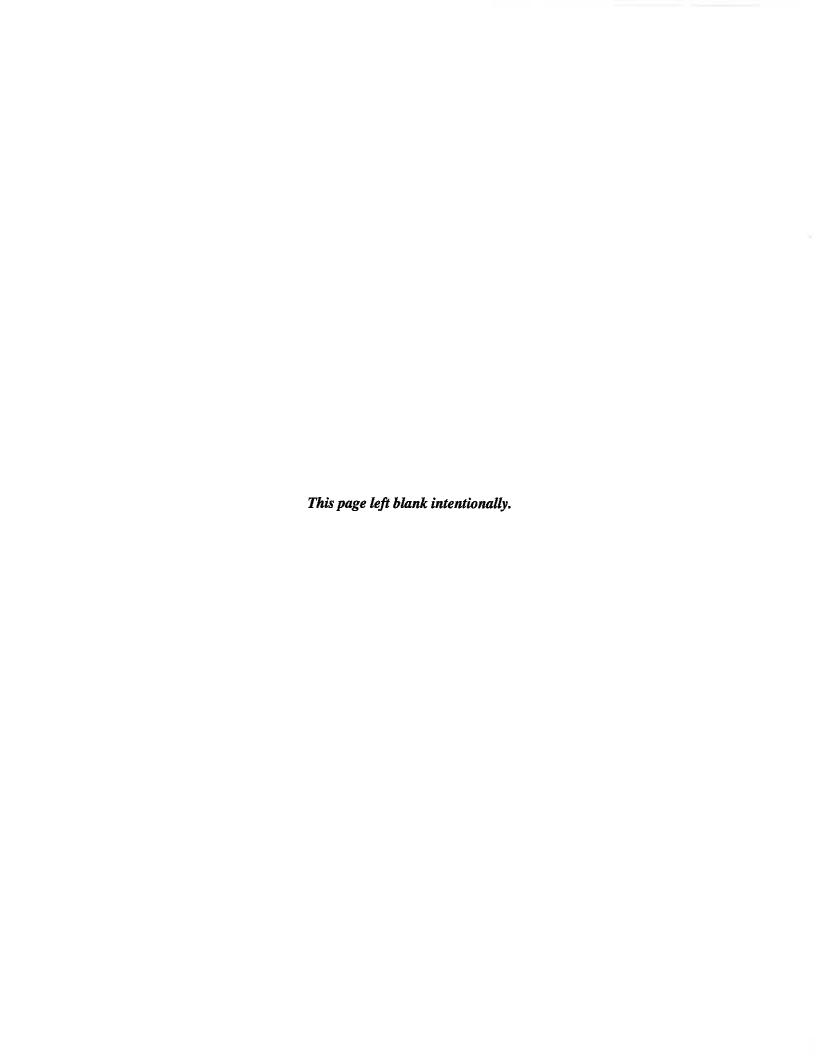
The Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

General Fund Selected Financial Information

This schedule provides a comparison of revenues and expenditures as a percentage of total revenue for the General Fund for the past three years.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Rio Elementary School District Oxnard, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rio Elementary School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Rio Elementary School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Rio Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Rio Elementary School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rio Elementary School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiency in internal controls, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2016-001 that we consider to be significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Rio Elementary School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Rio Elementary School District in a separate letter dated December 15, 2016.

Rio Elementary School District's Response to Findings

Rio Elementary School District's response to the finding identified in our audit report is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Rio Elementary School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Varninh, Tie, Day & Co., LCP

December 15, 2016



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Governing Board Rio Elementary School District Oxnard, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Rio Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Rio Elementary School District's (the District) major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Rio Elementary School District's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Rio Elementary School District's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Rio Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Rio Elementary School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Rio Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Rio Elementary School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Rio Elementary School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rio Elementary School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Varnink, Tri, Day & Co., LCP

December 15, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Governing Board Rio Elementary School District Oxnard, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Rio Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements as identified in the 2015-2016 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Rio Elementary School District's State government programs as noted below for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of State laws, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its State awards applicable to its State programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance of each of the Rio Elementary School District's State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2015-2016 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the applicable government programs noted below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Rio Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Rio Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on the After School Education and Safety Program

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, Rio Elementary School District did not comply with requirements regarding After School Education and Safety Program as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2016-002. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for Rio Elementary School District to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on the After School Education and Safety Program

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, Rio Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Programs

In our opinion, Rio Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the government programs noted below that were audited for the year ended June 30, 2016, except as described in the Schedule of State Awards Findings and Questioned Costs section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Rio Elementary School District's compliance with the State laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures Performed
LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS:	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No, see below
Continuation Education	No, see below
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No, see below
Middle or Early College High Schools	No, see below
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF EDUCATION, AND	
CHARTER SCHOOLS:	
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After School Education and Safety Program:	
General Requirements	Yes
After School	Yes
Before School	No, see below
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No, see below
Immunizations	Yes, see below

	Procedures
	Performed
CHARTER SCHOOLS:	
Contemporaneous Records of Attendance	No, see below
Mode of Instruction	No, see below
Non Classroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study for Charter Schools	No, see below
Determination of Funding for Non Classroom-Based Instruction	No, see below
Annual Instruction Minutes Classroom-Based	No, see below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

We did not perform testing for Independent Study because the ADA for the program was below the materiality threshold at which testing is required.

The District does not offer Continuation Education; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to Continuation Education Attendance Program.

The District did not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program during the current year; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Early Retirement Incentive Program.

The District does not have any Juvenile Court Schools; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to Juvenile Court Schools.

The District does not have any Middle or Early College High Schools; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to Middle or Early College High Schools.

The District does not offer a Before School Education and Safety Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the Before School Education and Safety Program.

The District does not offer a Course-Based Independent Study Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the Course-Based Independent Study Program.

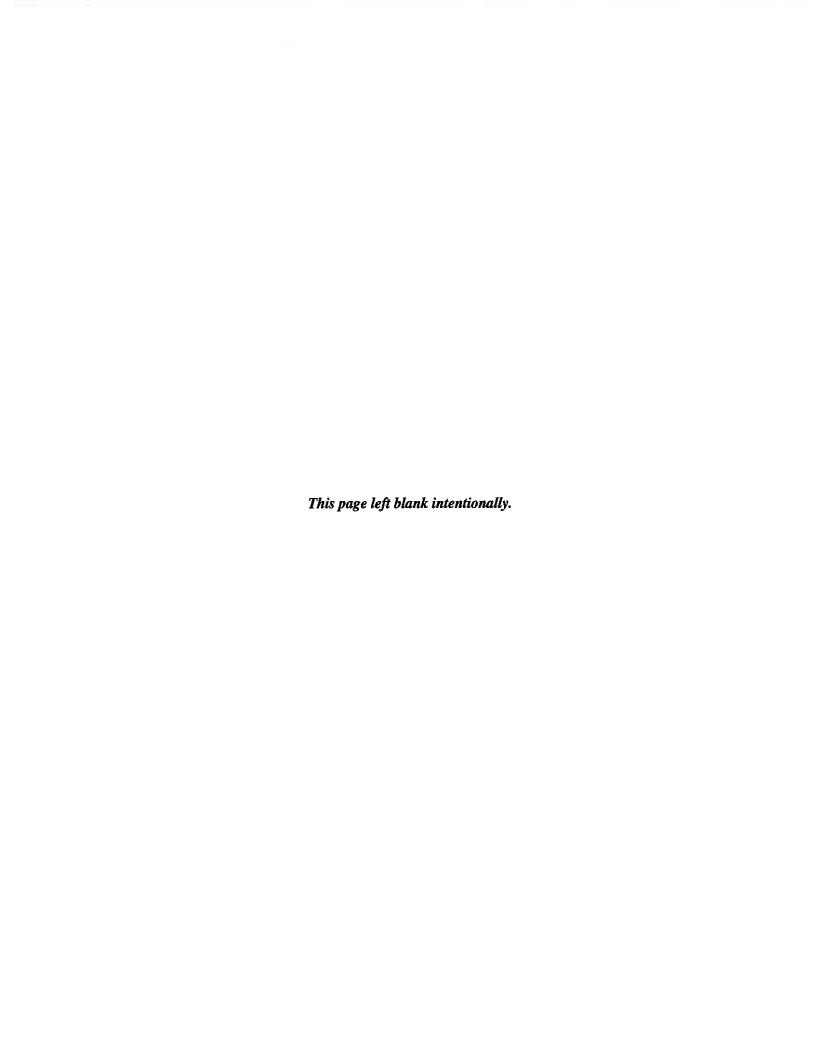
The District did not have any schools listed on the immunization assessment reports; therefore, we did not perform any related procedures.

The District does not have any Charter Schools; therefore, we did not perform any procedures for Charter School Programs.

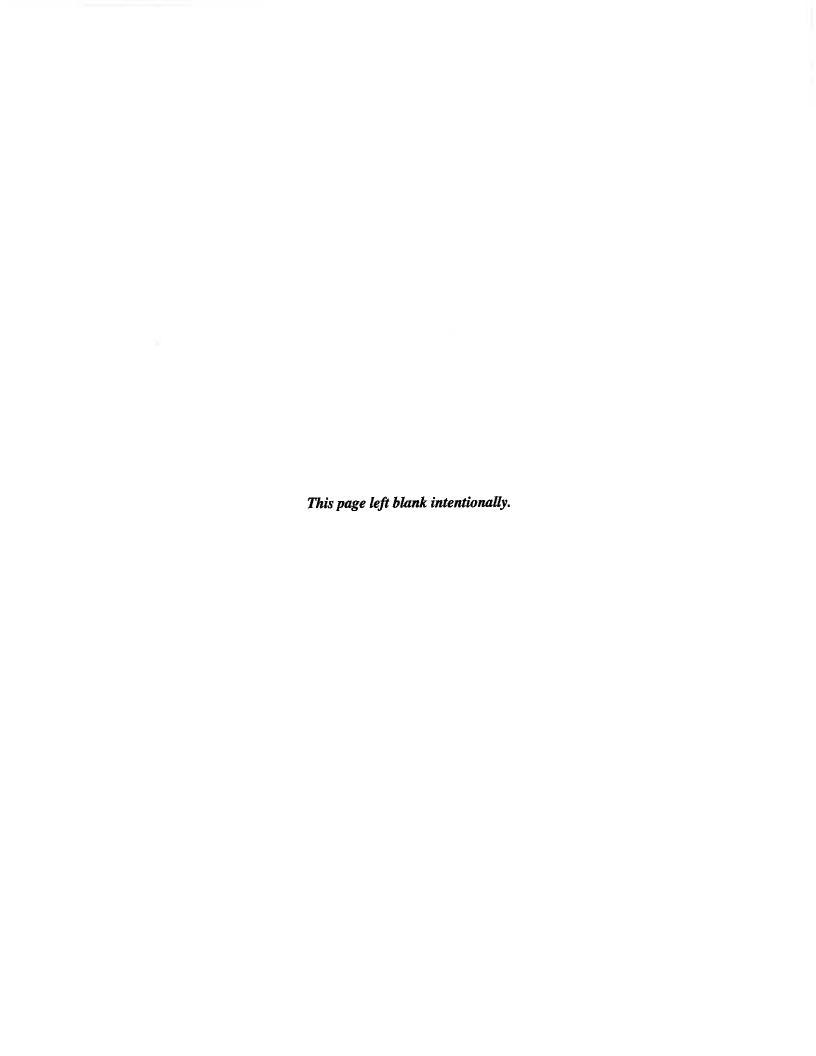
Rancho Cucamonga, California

Varnink, Tri, Day & Co., LCP

December 15, 2016



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS



SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reportir	ıg:	* . * ****
Material weaknesses identified?	No	
Significant deficiencies identified	Yes	
Noncompliance material to financial s	No	
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major Federal pr	ograms:	
Material weaknesses identified?	No	
Significant deficiencies identified	None reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on com	Unmodified	
Unqualified for all major program was qualified:	s except for the following program which	
Any audit findings disclosed that are a with Section .510(a) of Uniform Guid	No	
Identification of major Federal progra	ms:	
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.010	Title I, Part A - Low Income and Neglected	
84.027, 84.027A, and 84.173	Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish be Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	\$ 750,000 Yes	
Type of auditor's report issued on con	opliance for State programs:	Unmodified
-	pt for the following State program which	
	Name of State Program	
	After School Education and Safety Program	

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The following finding represents significant deficiency and/or instance of noncompliance related to the financial statement that is required to be reported in accordance with *Governmental Accounting Standards*. The finding has been coded as follows:

Five Digit Code 30000 AB 3627 Finding Type Internal Control

2016-001 30000

Criteria or Specific Requirements

Under the modified basis of accounting used for governmental funds, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. In addition, the application of the completeness assertion in financial statements generally requires management to record all assets and liabilities that should have been included as ending balances on the financial statements.

Condition

The Community Facilities District No. 1 and the Public Property Financing Corporation of California issued special tax bonds and certificates of participation, respectively, during the current fiscal year. Proceeds from the issuance of special tax bonds and certificates of participation were routed to third party trustees under the debt agreements and these amounts held by the trustees are considered assets to the District. The issuance of both of these debts coincided with the District's annual closing process. Consequently, the District was unable to obtain all the trustee statements in a timely manner to report the full amount of assets held by trustees prior to the county's year-end closing deadline. As a result, the District's financial statements excluded a net amount of \$17,263,554 in restricted funds held with trustees that should have been recorded as of June 30, 2016. These funds held with trustees were legally restricted for either debt service or capital projects.

Questioned Costs

There are no questioned costs associated with the condition identified.

Context

The condition was identified through the course of the financial audit conducted on the District's financial statements. More specifically, our review of various year-end trustee account statements linked to the District's component units (Community Facilities District No. 1 and Public Property Financing Corporation of California) indicated that some of the newly established accounts were not reported by the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Effect

The effect of these unrecorded items on the ending fund balance of the District's Capital Facilities Fund resulted in the fund balance being lower by \$1,292,578 than what was reported by the District's Unaudited Actuals as of June 30, 2016. This unrecorded activity also resulted in a deficit fund balance reported for the Capital Facilities Fund. In addition, the ending fund balance increased by \$18,556,132 in the Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Unit in comparison to the amount reported by the District on its Unaudited Actuals as of June 30, 2016.

Cause

The cause appears to be associated with the timing of when the year-end trustee statements were made available to the District. The District was unable to obtain all the statements, especially statements for newly created accounts in connection with newly issued non-obligatory debt and refunding certificates of participation. As a result, amounts reported in these missing statements were unintentionally excluded from year-end reporting.

Recommendation

In light of the condition identified, the District should exercise care during its annual year-end closing process. The District should implement the following to prevent similar future occurrences:

- 1) Identify all trustee accounts linked to the District's community facilities district and financing corporation.
- The District should ensure that all trustee statements are obtained in a timely manner to allow the District review the activities posted by the trustees.
- 3) Trustee activities reported on statements should be posted to the District's Capital Facilities Fund (Fund 25) and Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units (Fund 49) on a monthly basis.
- 4) At year-end, annualized statement should be used to determine if the District's financial statements reflect accurate ending balances reflected on trustee statements.

Corrective Action Plan

The District will exercise care during its annual year-end closing process. The following procedures will be implemented:

- Identify all trustee accounts linked to the District's community facilities district and financing corporation
- Record activities and review transactions from monthly trustee statements and post them to the District's Capital Facilities Fund (Fund 25) and Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units (Fund 49).
- 3. Review the annualized statement at year-end and determine if the District's financial statements reflect accurate ending balances.

FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

None reported.

STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The following findings represent instances of noncompliance and/or questioned costs relating to State program laws and regulations. The findings have been coded as follows:

Five Digit Code 40000 AB 3627 Finding Type
State Compliance

2016-002 40000

Criteria or Specific Requirements

According to *Education Code* Section 8483(a)(1), elementary school pupils are to participate in the full day of the program every day during which pupils participate and pupils in middle or junior high schools are to attend the after school program a minimum of nine hours a week and three days a week, except as consistent with the established early release policy. Adequate documentation that supports attendance participation must be maintained by each site that documents that students are attending the program as consistent with the early release policy.

Condition

The District has an implemented policy to allow students to sign out early from the program for reason other than sports or religious instruction for a maximum of two days per week, as long as the students do not leave earlier than 4:30 PM. During the review of the December 2015 attendance/participation records (sign in/out sheets) and early release forms for Rio del Norte and Rio del Mar Elementary Schools, we noted that numerous students were consistently leaving earlier than the stated time identified on the District's policy (4:30PM). Additionally, these students were being reported by the District as being serviced on the first semi-annual report for the 2015-2016 fiscal year. In total, we observed 561 counts (Rio del Norte Elementary 408 and Rio del Mar Elementary 153) of student participation being overstated by the District.

Questioned Costs

There are no questioned costs associated with the condition identified.

Context

The condition identified was determined through a review of the attendance records from two of seven sites that operated the District's After School Education and Safety program. The auditor selected two schools for the first semi-annual reporting period dated August to December 2015. Early release forms were also reviewed for each student's sign-out time in order to determine daily participation and also to ensure compliance with the District's early release policy. The auditor reviewed early release forms for the month of November 2015, and counted all the students that left earlier than 4:30pm with reasons other than sports or religious instruction.

STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Effect

As a result of our testing, the District does not appear to be in compliance with *Education Code* Section 8483(a)(1). There are no verifiable records to support students leaving the program early as established by the District's early release policy. Based on testing, it appears the District overstated the number of student served by 561.

Cause

It appears that the condition identified has materialized as a result of the site's unfamiliarity and inconsistent application of the District's early release policy.

Recommendation

The District should ensure adequate review of the attendance reports prior to submission to the California Department of Education to ensure the total number of students served in the manual rosters reconcile to the total number of students reported on the attendance report excluding students that leave earlier than the established time based on the early release policy.

Corrective Action Plan

The District has hired the program coordinators as Rio School District employees for the 2016-2017 school year. District employees have received training during regular meeting and training on the information and attendance system. The Rio School District has communicated the importance of following established attendance procedures. Additionally, the importance of following attendance procedures was also communicated to parents in various ways, including the after school program registration form and in parent orientations.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all audit findings reported in the prior year's schedule of financial statement findings.

State Award Findings

2015-001 40000

Criteria or Specific Requirements

According to *Education Code* Section 8483(a)(1), elementary school pupils are to participate in the full day of the program every day during which pupils participate and pupils in middle or junior high schools are to attend the after school program a minimum of nine hours a week and three days a week, except as consistent with the established early release policy. Adequate documentation that supports attendance participation must be maintained by each site that documents that students are attending the program as consistent with the early release policy.

Condition

The District has an implemented policy to allow students to sign out early from the program, for reasons other than sports or religious instruction, for a maximum of two days per week, as long as the students do not leave earlier than 4:30 PM. During the review of the November 2014 attendance/participation records (sign in/out sheets) and early release forms for Rio Lindo Elementary School and Rio Real Elementary School, we noted numerous students were consistently leaving earlier than the stated time identified on the District's policy (4:30 PM). Additionally, these students were being reported by the District as being serviced on the first semi-annual report for the 2014-2015 fiscal year. In total, we observed 94 counts (Rio Lindo Elementary 38 and Rio Real Elementary 56) of student participation being overstated by the District.

Questioned Costs

There are no questioned costs associated with the condition identified.

Context

The condition identified was determined through a review of the attendance records from two of seven sites that operated the District's After School Education and Safety program. The auditor selected two schools for the first semi-annual reporting period dated August to December 2014. Early release forms were also reviewed for each student's sign-out time in order to determine daily participation and also to ensure compliance with the District's early release policy. The auditor reviewed early release forms for the month of November 2014, and counted all the students that left earlier than 4:30 PM with reasons other than sports or religious instruction.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Effect

As a result of our testing, the District does not appear to be in compliance with *Education Code* Section 8483(a)(1). There are no verifiable records to support students leaving the program early as established by the District's early release policy. Based on testing, it appears the District overstated the number of student served by 94.

Cause

It appears that the condition identified has materialized as a result of the site's unfamiliarity and inconsistent application of the District's early release policy.

Recommendation

The District should ensure adequate review of the attendance reports prior to submission to the California Department of Education to ensure the total number of students served in the manual rosters reconcile to the total number of students reported on the attendance report excluding students that leave earlier than the established time based on the early release policy.

Current Status

Not implemented, see current-year finding.

Governing Board Rio Elementary School District Oxnard, California

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of Rio Elementary School District (the District) for the year ending June 30, 2016, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit, we noted matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The following items represent conditions noted by our audit that we consider important enough to bring to your attention. This letter does not affect our report dated December 15, 2016, on the basic financial statements of Rio Elementary School District.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

Due To and Due From Year-End Accrual and Subsequent Clearing

Observation

The following observations were made:

- 1) The District appears to have improperly cleared prior years' due to and due from balances. Specifically, the District appears to be clearing prior years' due to and due from balances using the wrong object code in the county's Escape system. We noted that the District has been clearing prior due to and due from balances using the set up account (9311 and 9611) instead of the clearing account (9310 and 9610). Additionally, it appears that the District has been using the clearing account to set up current year's accruals.
- 2) Due to the observations made in #1 above, it appears that the District's inter-fund payable/receivable balances have not be properly sorted out for couple of years. Moreover, there are numerous balances reported in the current year that is attributed to accruals established in the previous couple of years that have not been cleared.

Recommendation

- 1) In order to avoid a compounding problem, the District must organize its balances posted in Object 931x and 961x in the current year. Without properly clearing these balances, the District would inadvertently place itself in a situation where stated ending balances are either overstated or understated.
- 2) We highly recommend the District to contact the local county office of education and receive assistance in the form of training to properly utilize correct object code to set up and clear inter-fund accruals. Our observation indicates that the District's personnel responsible for setting up accruals at year-end lack the necessary mastery of these specific account codes in order to properly set up and clear these transactions.

Deficit Unassigned Fund Balance - Cafeteria Fund

Observation

Reserved fund balance is the portion that is not available for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use, and therefore, cannot be appropriated. The fund balance represented by the revolving cash balance is not available for spending and must be classified as reserved or nonspendable. The remaining fund balance is reported to indicate the funds available to cover unanticipated expenditures. The Cafeteria Fund has incurred operating deficits in each of the past three years. Temporary inter-fund borrowing is a regular practice observed in the Cafeteria Fund. However, for the 2015-2016 fiscal year, there was not inter-fund borrowing that took place which resulted in the Cafeteria Fund having a negative unassigned fund balance. After the reservation of the revolving cash balance, the Cafeteria Fund ended the year with a negative unassigned fund balance of \$16,134. Based on the review of the fund balance designations, the District did not transfer enough funds to cover the deficit spending in the Cafeteria Fund.

Recommendation

Although the District has made significant progress in reversing the trend of deficit spending, the District should continue to review its actual expenditures to date in comparison with the year-end projections to determine if any adjustments to the budgeted transfer should be made.

Cafeteria Revenues

Observation

Adequate receipting documentation has not been maintained to support the accuracy and completeness of revenues generated through à la carte sales. Daily à la carte sales are manually entered as a lump sum into the point-of-sale system, and no documentation has been maintained to support individual transactions.

Recommendation

The existing point-of-sale system should be used to account for individual à la carte sales. Purchasers should receive a receipt from the system, and cash collected should be reconciled to the sales report at the conclusion of sales for the day. As an alternative, pre-numbered triplicate receipts or logs could be utilized when collecting money for à la carte sales. If using a receipt book, the receipts should be issued in sequential order to all individuals turning in monies. The white copy of the receipt should be issued to the person turning in the monies, the yellow receipt or log sheet should be utilized for deposit back-up, and the pink copy should be retained in the receipt book for audit purposes. If utilizing a log, each student's name and the amount being paid should be documented, and cash collected should agree to the sales log at the conclusion of sales for the day.

ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (ASB)

Rio del Valle Middle School

Bank Reconciliations

Observation

In our review of the ASB's June 2016 bank reconciliation, we noted:

- Outstanding deposits in the amount of \$2,582 dated June 2015, that have been carried on the monthly reconciliations since that time,
- Unidentified reconciling items totaling approximately \$1000, and
- Stale dated checks in the amount \$470, one dating from June 2013, have not been cleared.

Recommendation

The ASB's bank reconciliations should be prepared by one employee and reviewed by a second employee on a monthly basis soon after the end of each month. During the review process, the reviewer should pay close attention to outstanding items, specifically deposits in transit and any unidentified reconciling items. The outstanding deposits and reconciling items noted above should be cleared from the ASB's accounts since it is unlikely that they will be resolved. Outstanding checks that are over six months old should also be removed from the accounts and reissued if still needed.

Rio Vista Middle School

Bank Reconciliations

Observation

In our review of the ASB's June 2016 bank reconciliation, we noted:

- Outstanding deposits in the amount of \$8,668 dated June and September 2015, that have been carried on the monthly reconciliations since that time,
- Stale dated checks in the amount \$686, one dating from November 2013, have not been cleared.

Recommendation

The ASB's bank reconciliations should be prepared by one employee and reviewed by a second employee on a monthly basis soon after the end of each month. During the review process, the reviewer should pay close attention to outstanding items, specifically deposits in transit and any unidentified reconciling items. The outstanding deposits noted above should be cleared from the ASB's accounts since it is unlikely that they will be resolved. Outstanding checks that are over six months old should also be removed from the accounts and reissued if still needed.

Cash Receipts

Observation

During our review of a sample of cash receipts and the corresponding cash deposits, we noted that cash receipts were not always deposited in a timely manner. We noted a delay in deposits in excess of 30 days.

Recommendation

Timeliness of deposits is a key factor in safekeeping of cash. At a minimum, the ASB staff should be making weekly deposits, and the frequency of deposits should be increased when on the volume of cash being collected is higher than usual. This will minimize the risk of theft, loss, or misappropriation associated with cash collections being held by the ASB.

Cash Disbursements

Observation

The following observations were made in connection with the ASB's disbursement activities:

- Out of 18 sample disbursements reviewed, nine did not have documentation that the items ordered had been received.
- 2) Out of 21 sample disbursements reviewed, eight did not have approval before commitment with the vendor was made.

Recommendation

- Supporting documentation that indicates that all items ordered were received should be present before the
 disbursement is made. This could be accomplished using a packing slip or through a signature of the
 person who received the goods. This would mitigate the risk of items being paid for without actually
 being received as ordered.
- 2) All disbursement transactions must be approved by the student body before the transaction occurs. This would allow the student council to determine if the proposed activities are appropriate and to determine if sufficient funding is available to finance the activities or the purchases.

Revenue Potential

Observation

Two revenue potential forms reviewed were not properly completed. The forms did not include the actual amounts collected from the fundraising activities. In addition, one of the forms did not include explanation of the difference between budgeted and actual revenue.

Recommendation

All fundraising events should be approved by the ASB Student Council and the site administrator prior to the event taking place to ensure that the activities related to the fundraisers are appropriate in a school setting. In addition, the ASB should require that a revenue potential form be completed for each fundraising event. As the revenue potential form is a vital internal control tool, it should be used to document revenues, expenditures, potential revenue, actual revenue, and inventory purchased for sale. This allows an analysis of the fundraiser to be conducted, indicating to the staff the success, or failure of the completed project. The revenue potential form also indicates weak control areas in the fundraising procedures at the site, including lost or stolen merchandise, problems with collecting all moneys due, and so forth.

Cash Receipts - Sales Reconciliation

Observation

The ASB does not reconcile cash collected for dances. We noted that the ASB is currently not utilizing receipts, tickets, or equivalent document to support the amount of cash collected. As a result, we were unable to determine if the amount collected from dances sponsored by the ASB was complete and accurate.

Recommendation

All cash collections must be accompanied by receipts or other supporting documents. To remedy the observation made, we recommend that the ASB consider using pre-numbered ticket rolls along with ticket sales reconciliations at the conclusion of the fundraising event.

Rio Real K-8 School

Bank Accounts

Observation

Per review of the bank statements, we noted that bank reconciliations had not been prepared for the checking account and that savings account had a negative balance at June 30, 2016.

Recommendations

The ASB's bank reconciliations should be prepared by one employee and reviewed by a second employee on a monthly basis soon after the end of each month. During the review process, the reviewer should pay close attention to outstanding items, specifically deposits in transit and any unidentified reconciling items. The savings account should be closed as there is no need for it.

We will review the status of the current year comments during our next audit engagement.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Varninde, Tri, Day & Co., LCP

December 15, 2016